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BABYLON, LONG ISLAND, N.Y.

1936



o e Invite You....

to visit our Nursery and see the wide variety of plants growing here and the many acres of choice stock from which you can make your selections. For many years the name Bulk's Nurseries has been synonymous with high-grade stock and efficient and courteous service that enables our customers to get the greatest amount of pleasure and satisfaction out of the use of our material.

HONEST VALUE

for every dollar invested in our products is the policy of Bulk's Nurseries, and we are proud to live up to this reputation. Our prices are as reasonable as is consistent with the highest grade of material, and we invite you to make comparisons with any similar quality of material. We can save you money on your needs and give you the utmost in plant value.

"OUT WHERE THE WINDMILL IS"

Our office and Nurseries are on the Merrick Road, one mile west of the village of Babylon, L. I. You can't miss the place—just look for the large Dutch windmill. During spring and fall we are open on Sunday.

PROMPT AND EFFICIENT NURSERY SALES SERVICE

available for those who wish to call and select plants to take home. From time to time we have special sales on seasonal articles, and we urge you to take advantage of them.

We cordially invite you to come when the trees and shrubs are in full bloom and make your selections then. Plants can be labeled and delivered for you when you want them.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Let us help you with your planting problems. Our Landscape Department is maintained as part of our service to our customers. To accomplish satisfactory planting results, one must know the characteristics of plants such as height, time of flowering, ultimate shape, suitability for sun or shade, adaptation to soil and exposure, etc. Our landscape men through training and experience are well prepared to help you.

We will gladly draw sketches and plans to fit your particular need. This service, in most cases, is rendered free of cost, except where elaborate plans, specifications and special trips are necessary, in which case a small fee will be charged which will be credited to customer's account when order is placed.

Phone Babylon 444 or drop us a card and our representative will be glad to call on you to make suggestions and offer advice without obligations to you. Our service extends throughout entire Long Island and the Metropolitan area.

Appointments, at your home, any day including Sunday, will be gladly made and kept.

Telephone: BABYLON 444

BULK'S NURSERIES

Planting Seasons

Evergreens may be planted from the time the frost leaves the ground until the latter part of June, though early planting is much preferred. Some varieties can be moved satisfactorily during the summer months. August, September, and Oetober are excellent months.

Plant shrubs, trees, and fruit trees from the latter part of March until June, and from the middle of October until the

Pot-grown Roses ean be moved the entire summer and eontinuc to bloom.

General Directions for Ordering and Our Terms

Always give address and desired time of delivery; otherwise we forward by the most economical route. Practically all our deliveries will be made by our trucks. Our free-delivery radius on orders amounting to \$10 or more extends 30 miles from our Nursery. This enables distant eustomers to get the benefit of local prices. During planting season, loads are combined for each locality at least twice a week. Beyond this 30-mile limit, a small charge will be made for delivery to cover cost, unless otherwise arranged at time of sale.

The cost of planting, if we do it, is borne by the purchaser.

Our charge merely covers the cost of labor, fertilizer, etc.

GUARANTEE

Because all our stock is freshly dug and reaches the customer in finc, healthy condition, and because of the utmost care and skill used in growing our plants, we agree to replace any plants sold, at the prices published in this book, that may die within one year from date of delivery from other causes than abuse or neglect, but we make the following reservations:

The account must be paid within 30 days from date of

invoice.

The customer pays the cost of delivery and planting of the replaced plants.

In the event we shall not have in stock, at the time for replacement, plants like those originally supplied, we are to apply the amount of credit representing the cost of the original plants toward the purchase of other plants that the customer

may at the time select and which we can supply.

We guarantee our stock to be true to name and will replace any that prove otherwise or refund purehase price.

SPECIAL SERVICE

We are prepared to furnish competent gardeners at the proper seasons to do all kinds of garden work, such as general overhauling, summer and winter pruning, spraying, hedge-trimming, fertilizing, winter mulching, tree-repair work, etc. Such work is important and should only be entrusted to capable men.



N addition to the trees which are valued for their shade, there are flowering trees which, at different times during the spring and summer, shower the lawn with their bloom. Do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long investment and returns your money manifold throughout the years of its usefulness.

ACER · The Maples

Acer dasycarpum. Silver Maple. Foliage light green, silvery underneath. One of the hardiest and fastest growing shade trees. Prefers rich, moist soil but will thrive almost anywhere except on dry ground. Each
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal. \$3 00 12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. 5 00 12 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 7 50 12 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. 10 00 12 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal. 14 00 12 to 16 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal. 18 00
A. dasycarpum wieri. Wier's Cutleaf Maple. A graceful, drooping, cut-leaved form of Maple. Very ornamental as a lawn tree. 12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal. \$7 00 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. 10 00 12 to 14 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. 12 50
A. ginnala. Amur Maple. A graceful shrub, or small tree, up to 20 feet. The foliage is bright green and the Autumn coloring is very brilliant. The flowers are fragrant. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0.75 6 to 8 ft. \$3.00 3 to 4 ft. \$1.25 8 to 10 ft. \$4.50

Acer platanoides. Norway Maple. A splendid variety for
street and lawn planting because of its large, rounding,
spreading head and broad, dark green foliage. Very hardy.
One of the best street trees.
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½-in. cal\$2 50
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., $1\sqrt[3]{4}$ to 2 -in. cal
12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal 12 00
14 to 16 ft., 4 to 4½-in. cal
14 to 16 ft., $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal
14 to 16 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal 45 00
14 to 16 ft., 7 to 8 -in. cal
A. platanoides schwedleri. A variety of Norway Maple
which has red leaves in early summer, changing to a purplish
tint. Each Each
8 to 10 ft\$3 50 10 to 12 ft\$4 50
A. rubrum. Red Maple. Dense foliage and beautiful fall
coloring make this a popular variety. Succeeds in wet
situations where no other Maple will live. Each
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½-in. cal
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ -in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 1 ³ / ₄ to 2 -in. cal
10 to 12 it., 1/4 to 2 -in. cai 9 00

INCREASES PROPERTY VALUE

Beautifying your home grounds is an investment which pays immediate dividends. The moment you set an ornamental or fruit tree, a shrub, plant or vine, your property becomes more valuable and desirable. Real estate dealers have estimated that the addition of a few trees and shrubs in a new subdivision often increases the property value 20%. Most thing is depreciate from the minute of purchase. Planting is one of the few investments that do not depreciate but ever bring increased returns in actual value and satisfaction.







Hisakura

Amanogawa

JAPANESE MAPLES

Acer palmatum (polymorphum). Japanese Maple. Dense, graceful habit, with foliage that assumes the most striking colors. Suitable for specimens and for color effect in mixed plantings.

Acer palmatum dissectum. Thread-leaf Maple. A graceful slow-growing tree with lacy and attractive green foliage.

	Lacn		Lacn
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2 ft\$3 00 4 t	o 5 ft	\$25 00
2 to	3 ft 5 00 6 t	to 7 ft.	45 00
3 to	4 ft	zo 8 ft	<i>55</i> 00

A. palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. Red Thread-leaf Maple. A red-leaved form of the above.

		Eacn		Eac	- 11
11	½ to 2 ft	\$3 00	4 to 5 ft	. \$25	00
		t 5 00			
3	to 4 ft	10 00	7 to 8 ft	. 55	00

A. palmatum atropurpureum. Blood-leaf Japanese Maple. Blood-red leaves in the spring, which later change to dark purple. Most effective when planted with evergreens; also very showy as a lawn specimen.





AMYGDALUS

Amygdalus persica, magnifica, Clara Meyer, and rubra. Double-flowering Peach. A very decorative tree with attractive, double red or pink blossoms appearing before the leaves.

															Εa	lc h	
3	to	4	ft.												\$1	2	5
			ft.														
5	to	6	ft.												2	50	0
12	10	14	£t.												12	00	1



Magnolia soulangeana. See page 6

BETULA · The Birches

Betula alba. European White Birch. A tall, graceful tree of moderately quick growth, with spray-like branches and silvery bark. It makes a valuable specimen tree for the lawn and is excellent for group planting.

Eac	ach	Each
	$00 \mid 8 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ft.}, 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2\text{-in. cal.} \dots$	
8 to 10 ft 3	$00 \mid 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.}, 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}\text{-in. cal.} \dots$	6 00

CATALPA

Catalpa bignonioides nana. Umbrella Tree. Small tree with rounded head and
small leaves on a straight stem. Most valuable for formal effects and usually
planted in pairs. Each
4 to 6-ft. stems, 2 and 3-year head\$2 00
4 to 6-ft. stems, 7 and 8-year head
C. speciosa. Western Catalpa. Quick-growing tree with somewhat coarse leaves.
Most useful for planting near the shore.
8 to 10 ft
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5-in, cal

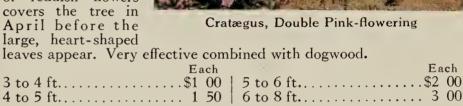


CERCIS

Cercis canadensis. American Red-bud. An abundance of a most unusual shade of reddish flowers covers the tree in April before the large, heart-shaped

5 to 6 ft.....\$2 00

CERASUS. See Prunus, page 6



CRATÆGUS · The Hawthorn

Cratægus cordata. Washington Hawthorn. A very desirable small tree of compact growth. Will thrive in any soil. Bears white flowers in June followed by rich scarlet berries in the fall.

Each	Each
4 to 5 ft\$2 50 5 to 6 ft	

C. oxyacantha splendens. Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn. A mass of double, rich, deep crimson flowers. Luxuriant foliage. Excellent specimen tree.



C. oxyacantha rosea plena. Double Pinkflowering Hawtborn. Resembles the above, with pale pink blossoms.

Prices of above two varieties: Each 4 to 5 ft.....\$3 00 5 to 6 ft.... 4 00 6 to 8 ft..... 6 00

Our Landscape Department is one of the best in the Country. Let us look over your problems.

Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size

6

CORNUS · The Dogwoods

Cornus florida.			
with spreading,	open top. Sho	owy white flow	ers cover the
tree in May be	fore the leaves	appear and in	autumn the
green leaves tui	n dark red.		

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1 00	5 to 6 ft\$3 50
3 to 4 ft 1 50	6 to 8 ft 5 50
4 to 5 ft	8 to 10 ft 9 00

C. florida rubra. One of the finest flowering trees, of similar habit to the white Dogwood, except that the blossoms are of a lovely pink shade.

Each	Each	
2 to 3 ft\$1 50	6 to 7 ft	. \$9 00
3 to 4 ft 2 50	7 to 8 ft	.13 00
4 to 5 ft 3 50	8 to 9 ft	.17 00
5 to 6 ft 5 00	9 to 10 ft	. 22 00

FAGUS · The Beech

Fagus sylvatica riversi. Rivers Beech. A medium-sized tree of pyramidal form, with bright purple foliage. Compact, symmetrical growth and a valuable lawn specimen.

Each	Each
3 to 4 ft\$6 00	6 to 7 ft\$13 00
4 to 5 ft 8 00	8 to 10 ft
5 to 6 ft	

5 to 6 ft10	00 }
	Beech. A form of the above with
bright green foliage. Ea	ach Each
5 to 6 ft\$5	00 7 to 8 ft\$10 00
6 to 7 ft	00

LARIX · The Larch

Larix europæa. European Larch. A tree full of character, rapid-growing, with fresh, light green foliage, but particularly charming in early spring.

	(2)			
		Each		Each
8 to 10	ft	\$6 00	12 to 14 ft	\$12 00
10 to 12	ft	8 00		

MAGNOLIA · The Magnolias

Magnolia soulangeana. Saucer Magnolia. A sturdy tree of moderate size, covered in April with large white flowers, tinged purple on the outside, before the leaves appear. A very handsome and ornamental flowering tree.

M. soulangeana alba superba. Large Saucer Magnolia. This is a small-tree type with pure white flowers borne in great profusion.

M. soulangeana alexandrina. Alexander Magnolia. Flowers similar to Soulangeana, but appearing about 10 days later.

Price of above three varieties:			Each
		5 to 6 ft\$	
3 to 4 ft	. 4 00	6 to 7 ft	2 00
4 to 5 ft	. 6 00	7 to 8 ft1	5 00

M. soulangeana nigra. Purple Saucer Magnolia. A variety of Soulangeana with dark purple flowers. Blooms in late May, making it the latest blooming Magnolia.

		Each		Each
2 to 3 ft.		\$3 50	4 to 5 ft	\$9 00
3 to 4 ft.	,	5 00	5 to 6 ft	14 00

M. stellata. Star Magnolia. This is a slow-growing variety and becomes widespreading in time. The pure white, starlike flowers open before the leaves, sometimes in March, and have a very delicate fragrance.

Each		Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$3 00$	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	.\$10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft	. 15 00
3 to 3½ ft	1	

MORUS · The Mulberry

Morus alba pendula.			
small weeping lawn	trees, forming	a perfect, u	ımbrella-
shaped head of light	green foliage.	Fruit reddish	purple.
Very thrifty and hard	dy.		Each
4 to 6-ft. stem, 1 and	2-yr. head		\$1 50
4 to 6-ft stem 4 and			4 00

MALUS · The Flowering Crabs

Malus atrosanguinea. A very fine variety with brilliant carmine flowers.

M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.

M. floribunda. Purple Crab. A gorgeous tree at all scasons of the year, with a profusion of single crimson flowers in early spring.

M. ioensis plena. Bechtel Crab. One of the most beautiful of the Flowering Crabs, producing large, double, fragrant pink flowers resembling miniature roscs. Makes a compact, upright specimen.

M. niedzwetzkyana. Red-vein Crab. A graceful growing variety with an abundance of deep pink flowers.

Price of above five varieties:	Each	Each
4 to 5 ft	. \$2 00	6 to 8 ft
5 to 6 ft	. 3 00	8 to 12 ft., specimens \$8 00 up

NYSSA

Nyssa sylvatica. Sour-Gum; Pepperidge Tree. A very fine ornamental tree with good foliage which has brilliant autumnal tints. Will grow in wet places.

Ea	Łach	
5 to 6 ft\$4	00 6 to 8 ft	\$6 00

PLATANUS

Platanus orientalis. Oriental Plane Tree; Sycamore. An

excellent street tree with broad, round head on	
paratively short trunk. A rapid grower, strong an	
metrical; best planted in spring.	Each
10 to 12 ft., 1 1/4 to 1 1/2-in eal	.\$2 00
10 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ -in. eal	
10 to 14 ft., 1 ³ / ₄ to 2 -in. cal	
10 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal	
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal	
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 3½-in. eal	
12 to 14 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 -in. eal	
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal	
12 to 14 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal	

POPULUS

Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar. An upright, extremely rapid-growing tree, tall, slender, pencil-shaped. Excellent for either landscape accent or screen purposes. The leaves are pale green, lighter beneath.

	Each	
8 to 10 ft	\$1.25 \ 10 to 12 ft.	\$2.00

PRUNUS

The Flowering Plums and Cherries

Prunus cerasifera pissardi, Newport. Improved Purpleleaf Plum. A handsome small tree with deeper eolor than the original Purple-leaf Plum. The foliage retains its rich color all season. Very showy pink flowers in spring.

Each	Each
\$3 50 8 to 10 ft 5 00	\$8 00

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES

These are the famous Flowering Cherries of Japan, famous here because of the wonderful collection which attracts so many visitors to Potomae Park, Washington, D. C. The trees are covered with a profusion of beautiful red, pink, or rose blossoms. They flower early and make wonderful specimens.

Pr	unus	s, Ar	nanoga	wa.	Sem	i-doubl	e; pin	k flowers.	
-			r>	7 T	Y	• T			

P., Hisal	kura. T	Double	: pale	pink.

- P., Ko-Fugen. Double; shell-pink. Long blooming.
- P., Kwanzan. Reddish pink.
- P., Mt. Fuji. Large, double, snow-white flowers.
- P., Yoshino. Single white flowers; red buds.

P. veitchi. Double; rose.

Lacti	Lacii
4 to 5 ft\$2 50	
5 to 6 ft 3 50	10 to 12 ft 15 00
6 to 8 ft 6 00	12 to 14 ft 20 00
P. sieboldi pendula. Japan	
Cherry. Splendid as a lawn sp	peeimen. Each
	Ø 4 OO

Fach

5 to 6-ft. stems, 4-yr. heads	0
P. subhirtella. Japanese Weeping Double Pink-flowerin	ıg
Cherry. Brilliant display of double pink blooms. Each	h

QUERCUS · The Oaks

Quercus pal	ustris. Pin	Oak. A	very beau	itiful and	out-
standing tr	ee, with gra	eeful, dro	ooping bra	nches. B	right
green foliage	e with sharp	points wh	ich turns o	leep red in	fall.
					Each

8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 -in. eal	\$6 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. eal	9 00
10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. eal	.12 50
Q. rubra. American Red Oak. A handsome tree with s	stately
aspeet. Ideal for lawn or street planting. Foliage	turns
red in autumn.	Each
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. eal	.\$5 00

I Ca III a a ca ca iii iii		_	
8 to 10 ft., 11/4	to 1½-in. eal	\$5	00
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$	to 13/4-in. eal	6	5 50
10 to 12 ft., 134	to 2 -in. eal	8	3 00
10 to 12 ft., 2	to 2½-in. eal	11	00

SALIX · The Willows

Salix babylonica. Babylon Weeping Willow. Probably the best-known Willow. It has very drooping, long, slender branches of olive-green, and will grow in any good soil, but prefers moist situations.

S. blanda.	Wisconsin Weepi	ng Willow. A	very hard	y variety
of Weepi	ng Willow with lo	ng, drooping	branches.	
	two varieties: Each	0, 1		Each

Price of above two varieties: Es	ach	Each
6 to 8 ft \$1	75 10 to 12 ft	.\$4 50
8 to 10 ft 3		
	Busine Colden Willow A	Lucher

5. vitellina					
emall tree	with ver	y attractive	golden l	hark in s	winter.
Sman tree	WILLI VCI	y acciactive	gorden	Jett IX III	WIII CCI.
		Each			Each

Each	ALI CC	.ch
10 to 12 ft\$2 50 12 to 14 ft	. \$4	5 0

SORBUS · The Mountain-Ash

Sorbus aucuparia. European Mountain-Ash. A well-shaped
tree, valuable for the small lawn. The great clusters of
searlet berries, produced in abundance from July to winter
make it very attractive.
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2-in. cal\$3 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3-in. cal
10 to 12 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal
Weeping Form, 5- and 6-yr 9 00

TILIA · The Lindens

Tilia americana. American Linden. This rapid-growing tree,
which has broad leaves, forms a shapely specimen. Very at-
tractive and makes an excellent shade tree as well. Each
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2-in. cal\$3 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal
10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in. cal
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4-in. eal
12 to 14 ft., 4 to 5-in. eal
T. vulgaris. European Linden. A fine, large pyramidal tree with good foliage and fragrant seed-blossoms in spring.
Each
8 to 10 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal

ULMUS . The Elms

10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3-in. eal. 15 00 10 to 12 ft., 3 to 3½-in. eal. 20 00

Ulmus americana. American Elm. The most beautiful of the Elms, stately and dignified. Of spreading habit, with drooping branches. A fine tree for either street or lawn, but requires plenty of growing space.

	Lach
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. eal	4 00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ -in. eal	
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. eal	9 00
14 to 16 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 -in. cal	2 00

U. moline. M	oline Elm. N	lew variet	y of very	strong	growth
and large, at		age. Vase	shaped.	An u	nusually
desirable tree					Each
10 to 12 ft.,	1½ to 1¾-in	. eal			\$4 00
10 to 12 ft.,					
12 to 14 ft.,	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in	. eal			6 00
12 to 14 ft.,					
12 to 14 ft.,					



Weeping Willow



FLOWERING SHRUBS

HETHER planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry-yard, or some unsightly view. Among borders of the lawn, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all such purposes.

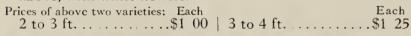
AMELANCHIER

Amelanchier canadensis. Downy Shadblow. White flowers in early spring before the leaves, and in June sweet berries very much relished by birds. Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.....\$0 50 | 2 to 3 ft.....\$0 75

AMYGDALUS

Amygdalus communis. Double Pink-flowering Almond. Produces very double, pink flowers in great abundance in May. A most charming early-flowering shrub.

communis alba. Double-flowering Almond. Same as above, with white flowers.





Azalea mollis

AZALEAS
Azalea calendulacea. Flame Azalea. A brilliant flowering shrub, with great clusters of yellow and orange-red flowers produced in May and June before the leaves appear. Vigorous grower and remarkably showy. Prefers moisture and leafy soil full of humus. Each 1½ to 2 ft \$2 00 3 to 4 ft \$4 00 2 to 3 ft 3 00 4 to 5 ft 5 00
A. kaempferi. Torch Azalea. A handsome, tall-growing variety, with blossoms that vary from bright red to salmonpink in May. Exceptionally desirable and one of the showiest shrubs in cultivation. Each 2 to 2½ ft\$3 00
12 to 15 in\$1 50 2½ to 3 ft
A. mollis. Chinese Azalea. Of dwarf, bushy habit, with large, showy clusters of flowers in shades of lemon, orange, and red appearing in May and June. Hardy. Excellent in mass plantings and make charming individual specimens in large rock-gardens. Each 12 to 15 in \$2 00 2 to 2½ ft \$5 00 15 to 18 in 2 50 2½ to 3 ft 7 00 1½ to 2 ft 3 50
A. mucronulatum. Mongolian Azalea. A rare variety of Chinese Azalea with pinkish lavender flowers. Blooms with forsythia. Can be used in shrub border. A very beautiful Azalea. Each 12 to 18 in\$2 00 2 to 2½ ft\$4 00
A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea. Vigorous shrub, with an abundance of fragrant, white flowers in June. While it is partial to moist places, it will do equally well in the shrub border and in partial shade.

Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size

 2 to 3 ft.
 \$2 00 | 5 to 6 ft.
 \$5 00

 3 to 4 ft.
 3 00 | 6 to 7 ft.
 6 00

 4 to 5 ft.
 4 00 | 7 to 8 ft.
 7 00

ARONIA

Aronia arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry. A dense shrub with clusters of white flowers in May followed by red berries persisting until late fall. Brilliant foliage tints in autumn.

2 to 3 ft......\$0 65 | 3 to 4 ft.....\$0 85

AMYGDALUS. See page 4

BERBERIS · Barberry

Berberis thunbergi. Japanese Barberry. The well-known hedge-plant, with rich green foliage in summer and in the autumn very brilliantly colored, with scarlet berries. Useful

also for mass planting.	Each	10	100
12 to 15 in	.\$0 15	\$1 25	\$10 00
15 to 18 in	. 20	1 50	12 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. 25	2 00	15 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$		2 50	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft	. 40	3 50	30 00
3 to 4 ft			60 00
4 to 5 ft	. 1 25	10 00	
5 to 6 ft	. 2 00	15 00	

B. thunbergi atropurpurea. New Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Foliage of rich, bronzy red all summer, changing to a vivid orange in the fall. Beyond ordinary soil and unobstructed sun, no special care is necessary. Adds a cheerful note to any planting.

Ea	ach		Ea	ach
15 to 18 in\$0	35	$1 2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$1	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.				
		4 to 5 ft		

BUDDLEIA

Buddleia alternifolia. Chinese Butterfly Bush. (New.) Splendid, new variety with arching branches covered with beautiful lilac-purple flowers in clusters from July to

October:	Lach
3 to 4 ft	.\$0 75
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 8 ft	. 2 50

Buddleia, Ile de France. (New.) Greatly superior to old varieties. Huge spikes of brilliant, fragrant rosy violet-purple flowers. A very beautiful and pleasing shrub. (See illustration on back cover.)

Each 2-yr.....\$0 75 | 3-yr....\$1 00

B. davidi veitchiana. Butterfly Bush. An attractive, quickgrowing shrub with grayish green foliage, which produces an abundance of fragrant, deep lilac flowers borne in large

CALLICARPA

Callicarpa purpurea. Chinese Beautyberry. Clusters of lilac-violet berries cover this plant in the fall, and it makes an unusually attractive effect in the garden.

Each 2 to 3 ft......\$0 50 | 3 to 4 ft.....\$0 75

CALYCANTHUS

Calycanthus floridus. Sweet-Sbrub. Old-fashioned shrub with chocolate-colored blossoms. The leaves, when crushed, Each have fragrance. 2 to 3 ft.........\$0 50 | 3 to 4 ft..........\$0 75



Korean Spirea (Spiræa trichocarpa). See page 14

CARAGANA

Caragana arborescens. Siberian Pea-tree. A tall-growing shrub with bright yellow flowers in June.

Each 2 to 3 ft......\$0 50 | 3 to 4 ft.....\$0 75



Azalea mucronulatum (Mongolian Azalea). See page 8

CLETHRA	ELÆAGNUS
Clethra alnifolia. Summersweet. A slow-growing shrub with spikes of white, fragrant flowers from July to September. Valuable for moist, shady places.	Elæagnus angustifolia. Russian Olive. A tall, vigorous- growing shrub with silvery gray leaves and orange berries. Excellent for seashore planting.
Each 4 to 5 ft	Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 40 3 to 4 ft\$0 60
CORNUS	ENKIANTHUS
Cornus sanguinea. Blood-twig Dogwood. This variety has purplish red branches and greenish white flowers, followed by black fruit. In contrast with other shrubs it produces pleasing effects. Each 2 to 3 ft \$0 40 5 to 6 ft \$1 00 3 to 4 ft \$50 6 to 7 ft 1 25 4 to 5 ft 75	Enkianthus campanulatus. Redvein Enkianthus. A plant resembling azalea in growth, with pink, bell-shaped flowers like andromeda in May, and beautiful foliage tints in fall. Each 2½ to 3 ft. \$2 50 4 to 5 ft. \$6 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00
C. stolonifera flaviramea. Golden-twig Dogwood. The branches are yellow, making a marked contrast with the	EUONYMUS
red-barked sort mentioned above. Very attractive in winter. Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 50 4 to 5 ft\$1 00 3 to 4 ft\$75	Euonymus alatus. Winged Euonymus. An unusual shrub of dwarf, compact habit, with yellowish flowers, followed by red berries in autumn. The foliage is a brilliant red in the fall. Branches are winged, with a peculiar corky bark.
Cotoneaster horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. This shrub has small, box-like leaves and brilliant red berries. The horizontal, prostrate branches form flat sprays with branchlets arranged in fishbone fashion. Ideal for the rock-garden	E. yedoensis. Yeddo Euonymus. Large shrub producing a profusion of colorful pink and orange berries. Leaves bright red in the fall. The showiest of all the bush Euonymus. Price of above two varietics: Each 1½ to 2 ft \$0 60 3 to 4 ft \$1 50 2 to 3 ft 1 00
or border. Each 1 to 1½ ft. \$1 00 3 to 4 ft. \$3 50 1½ to 2 ft. 1 50 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 2 to 3 ft. 2 50	FORSYTHIA
 2 to 3 ft	Forsythia intermedia. Border Golden Bell. An upright- growing shrub and a profuse bloomer. In April, before any leaves appear, the stems are simply smothered in a mass of golden yellow flowers. The shrub, when full grown, has slightly curved, graceful branches.
to a medium height. Graceful branches and red berries in autumn. Price of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft	 F. suspensa fortunei. Fortune Golden Bell. The arching branches of this upright-growing shrub are covered with a profusion of rich yellow flowers and later on by broad, deep green foliage. F. viridissima. Green-stem Golden Bell. More bushy in habit
CYDONIA Cydonia japonica rubra grandiflora. Japanese Quince. One of the most attractive spring-blooming shrubs. Large, deep crimson and orange-red blossoms, produced in great masses as the leaves come out. Glossy foliage. Each 1 to 1½ ft	than the other varieties. Rich green foliage. Not quite as profuse in blooming as the other sorts and a little later. Useful for prolonging the Forsythia season. Price of above three varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 40 4 to 5 ft\$0 75 3 to 4 ft\$0 5 to 6 ft
1½ to 2 ft	F. suspensa. Weeping Forsythia. A weeping form with slender, pendulous branches and masses of golden yellow blooms.
Daphne mezereum. Flowering Daphne. An interesting shrub with lilae-purple, fragrant flowers in early spring. Each 1½ to 2 ft\$1 50 2 to 2½ ft\$2 00	Price of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0 50 5 to 6 ft. \$1 50 3 to 4 ft. 75 6 to 7 ft. 2 00 4 to 5 ft. 1 00
DEUTZIA	GORDONIA (Franklinia)
Deutzia gracilis. Slender Deutzia. A profusion of small white flowers completely cover this dwarf shrub, especially valuable for border or foundation planting. D. gracilis rosea. Slender Rose Deutzia. A form of the above with pink flowers. Price of above two varieties: Each 12 to 15 in\$0 40 1½ to 2 ft\$0 75 15 to 18 in\$0 2 to 2½ ft 1 00 D. scabra crenata flore-pleno. Double Rose Deutzia. A hardy, vigorous shrub, literally covered with spikes of showy pink, slightly fragrant flowers in June.	Gordonia alatamaha. A very rare large shrub or small tree found in 1790, but since lost and only recently rediscovered. Produces large white flowers in autumn and has a handsome glossy foliage. Should be in every plant-lover's garden. Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$3 00 3 to 4 ft. \$6 00 2 to 3 ft. 4 00
D. scabra, Pride of Rochester. Tall, vigorous grower, similar to above: white flowers tinged with pink in June.	HAMAMELIS Hamamelis virginiana. Witchbazel. The latest shrub to bloom. After foliage has fallen bright vellow flowers appear
Price of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0 40 5 to 6 ft. \$1 00 3 to 4 ft. 50 6 to 7 ft. 1 25 4 to 5 ft. 75	bloom. After foliage has fallen, bright yellow flowers appear in November in great profusion. Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 60 3 to 4 ft\$1 00

HIBISCUS

Hibiscus syriacus. Rose of Sbaron. Tall-growing shrubs producing in profusion large, handsome, double flowers in shades of pink, white, violet, and red in late summer.

NAMED VARIETIES

3 to 4 ft.....

Boule de Feu. Double; red.
Celestis. Single; sky-blue.
Jeanne d'Arc. Double; white.
Paoniaflora. Double: pinkish whit

Pæoniaflora.	Double	; pinkish	white.
Price of above four	varieties:	Each	

HYDRANGEA

2 to 3 ft..........\$0 50 | 4 to 5 ft.........\$1 00

75 | 5 to 6 ft. 1 50

Each

Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora. Hills of Snow. The large clusters of pure snow-white flowers average 4 to 5 inches in diameter and appear in July and August. Suitable for either sunny or shady positions.

		Each				ach
2	to 3 ft	\$0 50	3 to 4 ft	t .	\$0	75
ł.	paniculata	grandiflora.	Peegee	Hydrangea.	An	ex-

H. paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. An extremely well-known variety, bearing large, conical-shaped trusses of white blooms in late summer and early fall, changing to pink and red as the season advances.

	.ch		ich
1 to 2 ft\$0	30 4 to 5 ft	\$1	00
2 to 3 ft	50 5 to 6 ft	1	25
3 to 4 ft	75 4 to 5 ft., tree form	. 1	50

ILEX

Ilex verticillata. Winterberry. An attractive, upright shrub with bright red berries persisting to midwinter. Berries are particularly appropriate for the Christmas season.

•	• •	E	ach		Each
2 to 3 ft.	 	\$0	75	3 to 4 ft	\$1 00

KERRIA

Kerria japonica flore-pleno. Double Japanese Kerria. Of erect habit, slender, green-branched. The long, clean stems bear very double flowers which have the appearance of little balls of gold. A constant bloomer from June to September.

Each

1½ to 2 ft. ...\$0 60 | 3 to 4 ft. ...\$1 50

2 to 3 ft. ... 1 00 |

KOLKWITZIA

Kolkwitzia amabilis. Beauty Bush. (New.) A handsome, new shrub from China. Makes long, graceful sprays of foliage and is completely covered with delicate pink flowers in June. Becoming most popular.

Each		Ea	ch
3 to 4 ft\$0 85	6 to 7 ft	.\$2	25
4 to 5 ft 1 25	7 to 8 ft	. 3	00
5 to 6 ft 1 75			

LIGUSTRUM · The Privets

Ligustrum ovalifolium. California Privet. Th	
popular hedge-plant. Lends itself well to shearing	and does
exceptionally well on Long Island.	100
1½ to 2 ft\$0 60	\$5 00
2 to 3 ft., 2 yrs	7 00
3 to 4 ft., 2 yrs	$10 \ 00$
2 to 3 ft., 3 yrs., heavy	
Globe Form. (Sheared.) Trained in globe shape	e; trans-
plants easily. Each	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00
L. ovalifolium aureum. Golden Privet. Golden-leav	
of the above variety. Each	Each
1½ to 2 ft\$0 30 2 to 3 ft	\$0 50

LONICERA · The Bush Honeysuckle

Lonicera fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle. A beautiful, semi-evergreen shrub, with fragrant flowers in April and May. It is a strong-growing shrub and reaches a height of about 8 feet.

L. morrowi. Morrow Honeysuckle. Yellowish white flowers in May and June, followed by bright red berries in summer. Good foliage.

Price of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 40	4 to 5 ft

L. tatarica grandiflora. Bride Honeysuckle. Flowers in a range of pink shades from light to dark. Red berries.

	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$0 40	5 to 6 ft	\$1 00
3 to 4 ft	50	6 to 7 ft	1 25
4 to 5 ft	75		

L. tatarica rosea. Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle. A profusion of bright rose-pink flowers in June, with orange-searlet berries in late summer and fall.

Each		Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	3 to 4 ft	0 75

LESPEDEZA

Lespedeza formosa. Purple Bush Clover. Producing long, drooping racemes of pea-shaped rosy purple flowers in September when showy flowering shrubs are extremely scarce, this shrub is deservedly desirable.

Each	Each
2-yr\$0 75	3-yr\$1 00

MYRICA · Bayberry

Myrica carolinensis. Northern Bayberry. A low, spreading shrub with fragrant foliage and gray waxy berries. Thrives in sandy soils and along the seashore.

Each		Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$0 75$	3 to 4 ft	.\$1 25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft	. 1 75



Gordonia (Franklinia)



RHODOTYPOS

Rhodotypos kerrioides. Jetbead. A bushy shrub with fresh green foliage and white flowers in May and June, followed by jet-black berries all winter. Will grow in shade.

11/2	to	2	ft.	 					. 9	50	35
2											
3											75
4											00

SAMBUCUS

Sambucus canadensis aurea. Golden American Elder. A very hardy native shrub with bright yellow foliage and flat heads of creamy white flowers followed by dark red berries very much in demand for pies and other uses.

Section of the case of the cas	Each	Lacn
2 to 3 ft	\$0 40 4 to 5 ft	\$0 75
3 to 4 ft		

PHILADELPHUS · Mock Orange

Philadelphus, Avalanche. Mock Orange. Very handsome shrub, with slender, drooping branches, covered almost the entire length with showy white, fragrant flowers in June.

P. grandiflorus. Big Scentless Mock Orange. This vigorous variety grows very rapidly, bearing large, white, showy flowers in June.

Price of above two varieties: Lach	Eacn
2 to 3 ft\$0 40	5 to 6 ft\$1 00
3 to 4 ft 50	6 to 7 ft 1 50
4 to 5 ft 75	7 to 8 ft 2 00
P., Virginal. Virginal Mock Or	ange. A handsome, erect shrub,
blooming nearly all summer;	large double white flowers; very
fragrant. Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	4 to 5 ft\$1 00

PHYSOCARPUS

Physocarpus opulifolius (Spiræa opulifolia). Ninebark. A strong-growing shrub and a splendid plant for shady places. White flowers are produced along the stems, from which the bark hangs in long shreds and stripes.

			ch	
3 to 4 ft				
4 to 5 ft		7 to 8 ft	1	75
5 to 6 ft	1 00			

PRUNUS

Frunus maritima. Deach Fium,	
flowers and purple, edible fruit	. Splendid for sandy soil or
near seashore. Each	Each
3 to 4 ft\$0 90	5 to 6 ft\$1 75
4 to 5 ft	

P. triloba. Flowering Plum. In April and May the stems are completely covered with very attractive double pink flowers. Similar to the flowering almond.

Each			Each
2 to 3 ft	\$1 00	3 to 4 ft	\$1 25

PHOTINIA

Photinia villosa. Chinese Christmas Berry. A beautiful shrub with a profusion of white flowers in May and red berries in clusters in autumn and winter. Rich foliage color in fall.

Bach

Sto 4 ft. \$0.75 | 5 to 6 ft. \$1.75 depth for 5 ft. \$1.25 | 6 to 8 ft. \$3.00

SYMPHORICARPOS

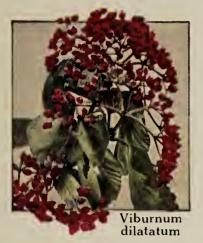
Symphoricarpos racemosus. Snowberry. A fine, bushy shrub with decorative leaves, flourishing in partial shade. White, waxy berries produced in abundance in the fall.

S. vulgaris. Coral Berry. Of more compact growth than the above variety. Clusters of red berries through the winter. Excellent for massing on hillsides or in partial shade. Also fine for hedges.

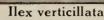
Price of above two varieties: Eac	eh			ach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0	25	3 to 4 ft	\$0	60
2 to 3 ft	40	4 to 5 ft		75



Beauty Bush (Kolkwitzia amabilis). See page 11









Aronia arbutifolia



SYRINGA · The Lilacs

Syringa chinensis. Chinese Lilac. An interesting variety with purple-lilac flowers in broad panicles in May.

S. josikæa. Hungarian Lilac. Violet flowers in June. Dark

green, glossy foliage.

S. persica. Persian Lilac. A graceful shrub with slender branches. Free blooming, producing single, lavender flowers in broad panicles in May and June.

S. villosa. Late Lilac. The last Lilac to bloom. Fragrant pink flowers and bright green foliage.

fragrant purple flowers in May. Most desirable for a flowering hedge or large masses.

Εε	ach				Εε	ach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0	25	4 to 5	ft		\$0	75
2 to 3 ft						
3 to 4 ft	50	6 to 7	ft		2	00
S. vulgaris alba. Common	Whi	te Lilac.	White	flowers	a w	eek

earlier than those of any other variety. Desirable also for a flowering hedge or a bold clump.

Each		Each
4 to 5 ft\$1 00	6 to 7 ft	\$3 00
5 to 6 ft 2 00	7 to 8 ft	4 00

HYBRID LILACS

Much larger flowers than the Common Lilac, in wide range of colors.

Named Varieties.

Charles X. Reddish purple; single. Hugo Koster. Single; purplish lilac. Jan van Tol. Single; large; pure white. Jean Bart. Double; reddish purple. Jean Mace. Double; bluish mauve. Leon Gambetta. Double; lilac-rose. Early. Mme. Lemoine. Double; white. Mrs. Edward Harding. Large; double; red. Souv. de Louis Spaeth. Single; dark purple.

Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 75	3 to 4 ft	\$1 50
2 to 3 ft 1 00	4 to 5 ft	2 50

Standard Form.

Jan van Tol. Very large; double; white. Pres. Grevy. Double; pale blue. Souv. de Louis Spaeth. Single; dark purple.

Each Each 3 to 4 ft......\$2 00 | 5 to 6 ft.....\$4 00 4 to 5 ft......... 5 00



A charming border arrangement of Deutzias, Lilacs, and Iris

SPIRÆA

Spiræa bumalda, Anthony Wat	
blooming, compact shrub, with	deep pink flowers in broad,
flat heads in July and August.	Dwarf in habit and makes a
desirable low hedge. Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 50	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 75

S. thunbergi. Thunberg Spirea. Attaining a height of not over 5 feet, this shrub is of particularly graceful habit. Bears an abundance of small white flowers in April and May, and in autumn the long, narrow foliage turns to orange and scarlet.

Each

2 to 3 ft........\$0 50 | 4 to 5 ft.........\$1 25

Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0 50 | 4 to 5 ft. \$1 00 3 to 4 ft. 75 | 5 to 6 ft. 1 50

STEPHANANDRA

Stephanandra flexuosa. Cutleaf Stephanandra. Drooping branches covered with deeply cut light green foliage. White flowers. A very graceful shrub.

Each 1½ to 2 ft......\$0 35 | 2 to 3 ft......\$0 50

TAMARIX

Tamarix africana. African Tamarix. An ornamental shrub of graceful appearance. Panicles of pink flowers in April and May and striking feathery foliage.

Each		Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 35	4 to 5 ft	.\$0 75
3 to 4 ft 50	5 to 6 ft	. 1 00

VITEX

Vitex macrophylla. Chaste-tree. An attractive shrub with lavender-blue flowers from July to frost. (See illustration on back cover.)

Each 1-yr. plants......\$0 50 | 2-yr. plants......\$0 75

VACCINIUM

Vaccinium corymbosum. Highbush Blueberry. A native species with edible blue-black berries. Interesting autumn effect and red twigs in winter.

Each			cn
2 to 3 ft \$1 00	4 to 5 ft	.\$1	75
3 to 4 ft 1 50	5 to 6 ft	. 2	50

VIBURNUM · The Snowballs

Viburnum carlesi. Fragrant Viburnum. A very desirable new shrub of compact, semi-dwarf habit, bearing delightfully fragrant clusters of blush-pink, waxy flowers in May.

Each
15 to 18 in. . . . \$0 75 | 2½ to 3 ft. \$3 00
1½ to 2 ft. . . . 1 25 | 3 to 4 ft. 4 00
2 to 2½ ft. . . . 2 00 |

V. dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter.

Each
1½ to 2 ft...
50 60 | 3 to 4 ft...
2 to 3 ft...
85 | 4 to 5 ft...
1 75

V. americanum. American Cranberry Bush. A native shrub with very attractive scarlet berries persisting through the winter.

V. dentatum. Arrow-wood. Large shrub with white flower clusters in May and attractive blue berries in fall.

V. lantana. Wayfaring Tree. Of robust growth, with large foliage that is silvery underneath. White flowers in May and June, followed by red fruit which turns black in autumn. Does well in shade.

V. opulus. European Cranberry Bush. One of the best shrubs for general planting. Panicles of white flowers in May and June, followed by large, cranberry-like fruit. Fine for winter color and for attracting birds. Does well in shade.

 Price of above four varieties:
 Each

 2 to 3 ft...
 \$0 50 | 4 to 5 ft...
 \$1 00

 3 to 4 ft...
 75 | 5 to 6 ft...
 1 50

V. tomentosum plicatum. Japanese Snowball. A very handsome shrub with showy white flowers in June and beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms a little later than the Common Snowball. Each Each 2 to 3 ft.........\$0 60 | 3 to 4 ft........\$0 85

WEIGELA

Weigela, Eva Rathke. Red-flowering Weigela. Dwarf in habit, with dark crimson flowers. A most profuse bloomer, and possibly the most showy of all the Weigelas.

Each

1½ to 2 ft. ... \$0 45 | 3 to 4 ft. ... \$0 75
2 to 3 ft. ... 60 | 4 to 5 ft. ... 1 00

W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela. A well-known and popular leafy shrub with an abundance of tubular, brilliant crimson flowers.

W. hybrida nana variegata. Dwarf Variegated Weigela. Another dwarf variety of compact growth. Variegated leaves and light pink blooms.

SPECIAL SHRUB COLLECTION Flowers from April to October

10 strong, sturdy shrubs that will bloom the first season

One of each (10 in all), \$5.00. Regular price, \$7.50

1 Deutzia, Pride of Rochester. White with pink tint. June.
1 Hydrangea. White. Fall.
1 Spiræa vanhouttei. White. June.
1 Honeysuckle, Shrub. White. May.
1 Forsythia. Yellow. April.
1 Hydrangea. White. Fall.
1 Spiræa vanhouttei. White. June.
1 Weigela. Pink. May.
1 Lilac. Purple. May.
1 Mock Orange. White. June.

Special price (if called for at Nursery), \$5.00. Price delivered, \$6.00. Price planted and guaranteed, \$9.00

3 each of the above 10 varieties (30 strong and robust plants) for \$13.00

Special price (if called for at Nursery), \$13.00. Price delivered, \$15.00. Price planted and guaranteed, \$25.00

BROAD-LEAF EVERGREENS

ITH few exceptions, no ground, either small or extensive, should be without some representative of this rich and interesting group of plants. They endure shade, and their rich blossom and foliage effect makes them almost indispensable. Certain varieties of this class, such as Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and Laurel, ordinarily grow more satisfactorily and show to better advantage when planted in rather heavy masses. A deep, cool, moist subsoil, with proper drainage, is ideal. As a rule, they dislike lime, or limestone soil, and success will be more certain on such soils if they are planted in woods earth or mulched with peat moss. Oak leaves are ideal for covering the ground beneath them.

Δ	7	Δ	T	Æ	Δ
$\boldsymbol{\Gamma}$.	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$

AZALEA					
Azalea amœna. Japanese Azalea. Purple-red blooms produced in a solid mass during April and May. The lustrous leaves take on a rich bronze in the fall, making this a most attractive plant. It is a vigorous grower. Does well in shady locations. Each 10 to 12 in \$0.75 1½ to 2 ft. \$2.50 12 to 15 in \$1.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 50 15 to 18 in \$1.50					
A. benigiri. Japanese Azalea. Resembles Hinodegiri in habit of growth. Deep reddish pink flowers in great profusion. Rich evergreen foliage.					
Each 10 to 12 in\$1 25 12 to 15 in\$2 00					
A., Hinamoyo. Japanese Azalea. Very much like the Hinodegiri in habit, the flowers being a beautiful shade of soft pink, produced in great profusion in May. Each 12 to 15 in \$1 50 2 to 2½ ft \$5 00 15 to 18 in 2 50 *3½ to 4 ft 12 00					
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft					
A. hinodegiri. Japanese Azalea. Bright carmine-pink flowers in profusion in April and May. Evergreen foliage, larger than Amæna. Each 10 to 12 in \$1 25 15 to 18 in \$3 00 12 to 15 in 2 00 1½ to 2 ft 4 50					
A. macrantha. Japanese Azalea. Large, salmon-red flowers. A compact, flat, quick-growing variety. Very hardy.					
12 to 15 in \$2 50 1½ to 2 ft \$5 00 15 to 18 in 3 50 2 to 2½ ft 7 50					

ABELIA

A. yodogawa. Yodogawa Azalea. Very hardy and vigorous.

Double, pinkish lavender flowers in May. Semi-evergreen.

3 to 4 ft............\$5 00 | 4 to 5 ft.............\$7 00

A., Yayegiri. Japanese Azalea. One of the most showy

flowers of a salmon-red color. Deep green foliage. Each

Each

12 to 15 in. \$2 00 15 to 18 in. 3 00

Azaleas. Produces an abundance of beautiful semi-double

Abelia grandiflora.				
a mass of light pir	nk blossoms from	n July unti	I frost. Dw	arf
in habit, making	it most useful	for adding	g color to	the
foreground.	Each		Ea	ach
12 to 18 in	$$0.75 \pm 1\frac{1}{2}$	6 to 2 ft	\$1	00

BOXWOOD · Buxus

Buxus sempervirens.	Common	Boxwood.	Α	slow-growing
bush, always compact,	, excellent	for hedges	or	formal speci-
mens. Foliage is a ricl	h glossy g	reen.		

Bush Form.	Each	Each
8 to 10 in	\$0 50 1	2 to 15 in\$1 00
10 to 12 in	75 1	5 to 18 in 1 50
Globe Form.		
12 to 15 in	1 50 1	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
15 to 18 in	2 50	
B. suffruticosa. 1	Owarf Boxwood	. A splendid dwarf plant,
ideal for edging	purposes in t	he formal garden and for
borders.	100	100
4 to 6 in	\$20 00 8	to 10 in\$45 00
6 to 8 in	30 00	

BERBERIS

Berberis julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry. A hardy, erect plant of compact growth, with rich, glossy green foliage throughout the winter. It harmonizes well with rhododendrons, kalmias, and such other evergreen shrubs.

	Each			ich.
12 to 18 in	2 00	2½ to 3 ft	\$3	50 00

B. verruculosa. Warty Barberry. A dwarf, spreading, compact plant with shiny foliage and fragrant yellow flowers. Black fruits. Each 12 to 18 in........\$1 50 6 to 10 in.....\$0 75 10 to 12 in..... 1 00

CALLUNA

Calluna vulgaris rosea. Heather. Low, bushy shrub with spikes of pink flowers in late summer. Excellent for rock-

garacii oi ioi	covering build			
	Each		Ea	ch.
2-yr	\$0 60	3-yr	. \$0	85

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. See page 10

DAPHNE

Daphne cneorum. Rose Daphne. A dwarf evergreen shrub, with green leaves on almost prostrate stems, which produces a profusion of fragrant, rosy pink flowers in April and May. It is extremely pretty in rock-gardens.

Each		E a	ch
8 to 10 in\$0 75	15 to 18 in	. \$2	00
10 to 12 in 1 00	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. 2	50
12 to 15 in 1 50	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$. 3	50

Broad-leaf Evergreens are right at home under Long Island soil conditions. We urge vou to make use of them in foundation plantings. They are slow growing and rich in color and texture, and with a mulching of decayed leaves or peat moss they will do well. Let us help you in making up beautiful combinations and mass effects.



A colorful Azalea Planting

EUONYMUS

Euonymus japonicus aureus. Gold-leaf Burning-busb. An upright, bushy shrub with lustrous green leaves, variegated with yellow. Attains a height of 4 to 5 feet.

1 to 1½ ft.....\$1 00 | 1½ to 2 ft......\$1 50

E. radicans. Japanese Evergreen Creeper. A low, trailing shrub, excellent as a ground-cover. Leaves are small, dull green above with whitish veins.

E. radicans vegetus. Broad-leaf Evergreen Bittersweet. A trailing evergreen shrub with round leaves. Produces a profusion of orange-scarlet berries in the fall. Makes a splendid ground-cover.

Price of above two varieties: Each Medium plants....\$0 35 | Strong plants....\$0 50

E. radicans variegata. Variegated Japanese Creeper. Similar to the above, with foliage of a variegated creamy white and pink.

Each
Medium plants....\$0 50 | Extra strong plants....\$1 00 Strong plants....

ILEX

 Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly. Dense, compact evergreen bush that can be shaped like boxwood. Deep green, boxlike foliage. Rapid grower.
 Each
 Each

 Rapid grower.
 Each
 Each
 \$3 50

 1 to 1½ ft.
 \$1 00 | 2½ to 3 ft.
 \$3 50

 1½ to 2 ft.
 1 75 | 3 to 4 ft.
 5 00

 2 to 2½ ft.
 2 50 | 4 to 5 ft.
 7 50

 I. glabra. Inkberry. A bushy, upright-growing, very hardy shrub. Has dark, oval foliage, small flowers and an abundance of glossy black fruit in the fall. Useful for shady and moist locations.
 Each

 1½ to 2 ft.
 \$2 00 | 3 to 4 ft.
 \$4 00

 2 to 2½ ft.
 2 50 | 4 to 5 ft.
 5 00

 2½ to 3 ft.
 3 00 |

Every item in this catalogue is true to name, and up to specifications in every way. Bulk's stock with the Bulk guarantee is sold only direct from the Nursery. We have no agents—you buy direct from the producers.

														Am C	CII
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	٠										\$5	00
3	to	4	ft.											6	50
4	to	5	ft.											9	00
5	to	6	ft.											12	00
6	to	7	ft.											15	00

KALMIA

Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel. A vigorous evergreen shrub, with long, elustered leaves of rich, glossy green. Very hardy and will thrive in sunlight or partial shade. In early summer the large, showy clusters of rose-white flowers present a charmingly gay effect. Particularly fine in mass plantings or may be grouped with other evergreens.

												ich –
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$	ft.										\$1	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2												
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$												
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3												
3 to 4												
4 to 5												

LEUCOTHOE

Leucothoe catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe. A valuable shrub for planting under trees and other shady spots. The fine white blossoms are borne in long, drooping racemes and are delightfully fragrant. In late fall the leaves assume a purplish red tint which is retained throughout winter.

Each	Each
12 to 15 in\$0 75	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
15 to 18 in 1 00	2 to 3 ft



Rhododendron maximum

MAHONIA

Mahonia aquifolium.	Oregon	ı Holly-Gr	ape. G	ossy	gree	en,
holly-like leaves and	yellow	flowers i	n May	and	Jui	ne.
Prefers shady situation	s.		J		Ea	ch
E	ach	2 to 2½ f	t		. \$2	25
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1	. 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ f	t		. 3	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{2}$ ft						

PACHYSANDRA

PYRACANTHA

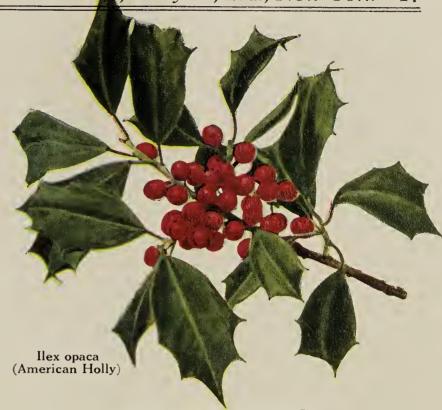
Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Fire The	orn. A
beautiful specimen plant of slender, upright habi	it. Has
small, dark green leaves and the small white flow	vers are
followed by bright orange berries in late summer.	Genuine
Lalandi strain. Each	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 50 2 to 3 ft	\$3 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	

PIERIS

Pieris floribunda. Mountain Andromeda. Invaluable for
planting in the shade. Makes a low, compact, evergreen
shrub, with small, dark green leaves and masses of white
flowers in the spring. Each Each
15 to 18 in\$\\$2 \ 00 \ 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$\\$4 \ 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 3 00
P. japonica. Japanese Andromeda. A small shrub with
glossy green foliage and racemes of lily-of-the-valley-like
flowers. Very good for rockery or foundation planting.
12 to 15 in\$1 75 18 to 24 in\$3 50
15 to 18 in 2 50
15 60 10 11111111 2 50 1



Daphne cneorum. See page 15.



RHODODENDRON

Rhododendron carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron. A very early-blooming variety, small and compact. Has handsome, dark green leaves and in May and June produces a profusion of soft rose-pink blooms. An interesting variety.

	Each			ıch
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. \$2 50	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$5	50
		$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{4}$ ft		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft	. 4 50	4 to 5 ft	9	00

R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. A native variety, the parent of most of our best hybrids. Will grow in any soil that is free from lime; very hardy and free flowering, the large, round clusters of deep rosy purple appearing in May and June. Each

1½ to 2-ft. spec....\$3 00 | 3 to 4 ft.......\$7 00
2 to 2½-ft. spec.....\$3 00 | 4 to 5 ft..........\$50

2½ to 3 ft..........\$500

R. maximum. Great Bay Rhododendron. The acme of perfection in size and hardiness. Flat masses of white to light pink blooms appear in June. The foliage is heavy, thick, and smooth.

Each

1½ to 2 ft. ... \$2 25 | 4 to 5 ft. ... \$7 00

2 to 2½ ft. ... \$3 00 | 5 to 6 ft. ... 10 00

2½ to 3 ft. ... 4 00 | 6 to 7 ft. ... 12 00

3 to 4 ft. ... 5 00

R. Hybrid Seedlings. In assorted colors.

Each	Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$4 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 5 50	.\$7 00

R. Hybrids. In varieties and colors. Choice varieties having immense blooms in a wide range of colors.

Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys. Analine-red.
Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Deep pink, yellow eye.
Roseum Elegans. Clear rose-pink.

Each
15 to 18 in... \$3 00 | *2½ to 3 ft... \$8 00
1½ to 2 ft... 4 00 | *3 to 4 ft... 12 00
2 to 2½ ft... 6 00 | *4 to 5 ft... 18 00

VINCA

Vinca minor. Periwinkle; Myrtle. A splendid evergreen ground-cover with small blue flowers. Prefers shade.

Strong plants......\$1 50 \$12 00

YUCCA

Yucca filamentosa. Common Yucca. Swordlike foliage and tall spikes of drooping, bell-shaped flowers, creamy white in June. Strong plants 50 cts. each; extra strong plants \$1.00 and up.





EVERGREENS

N this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. The diversity of color and habit of growth in this class provides truly "a plant for every place and purpose," some for limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others for screens, hedges, windbreaks, and for group and specimen plantings. They are always desirable for any landscape plantings for both summer and winter effects.

ABIES . The Firs

Abies concolor. White Fir. Rapid-growing evergreen, with	
long, bluish green needles, and of symmetrical, upright	
habit. Splendid as a lawn specimen, as a contrast with the	
darker foliage of other trees, and is also useful in screen	
and border plantings. It is a tree of great dignity and stateli-	
ness and when given plenty of room to develop naturally,	
it keeps its magnificent lower branches until late in life.	
Fool	

		Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to 2 ft	\$1 50	5 to 6 ft	\$9 00
2	to 3 ft	2 50	6 to 7 ft	15 00
3	to 4 ft	4 00	7 to 8 ft	22 00
4	to 5 ft	6 00	8 to 10 ft	30 00

A. douglasi (Pseudotsuga douglasi). Douglas Fir. This tree is hardy and adapts itself to either dry or moist situations. It will thrive in semi-shade as well as in full sunlight. Pyramidal in habit, with bluish green, short needles, closely borne along the branches. This is naturally a giant tree from the Northwest Pacific slope and requires plenty of room for fine development of its beauty and character.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1 75	7 to 8 ft\$8 00
3 to 4 ft 2 50	8 to 9 ft 12 00
4 to 5 ft	9 to 10 ft
5 to 6 ft 5 00	10 to 12 ft
6 to 7 ft 6 50	12 to 14 ft

BUXUS. Boxwood See page 15

CEDRUS · Cedar

Cedrus atlantica glauca. Blue Atlas Cedar. A very rare and lovely tree of erect habit with widespread branches covered with silvery blue needles.

	Each	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$4 00 3 to 4 ft	\$6 00

CHAMÆCYPARIS (Retinospora) The Cypress

Chamæcyparis obtusa. Hinoki Cypress. An extremely graceful evergreen of medium height. The foliage is a rich dark green. Makes a fine specimen.

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	4 to 5 ft\$5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 50$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft	
3 to 4 ft 3 50	

C. obtusa compacta. Football Cypress. Foliage dark green. Dwarf, compact, and of good form, from which it derives its name. An excellent type for foundation plantings.

Each	Each
	2 to 2½ ft\$2 00 2½ to 3 ft3 00

C. obtusa tetragona aurea. An upright-growing, goldenleaved variety. Unusually attractive at all times.

	Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.\$2 00 2 to 2	½ ft\$3 00

C. obtusa crippsi. Golden Hinoki Cypress. A golden-leaved form of C. obtusa. Bright yellow at all times and a very choice variety.

C. obtusa gracilis. Slender Hinoki Cypress. Compact and of dwarf habit. Makes a narrow, irregular pyramid with light, graceful branches and foliage of a rich green color.

Price of above two varieties:			Eac	
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	.\$1 25	3 to 4 ft	\$5	00
		4 to 5 ft		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$. 2 25	*5 to 6 ft	10	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft				

Chamæcyparis obtusa nana. Dwarf Hinoki Cypress. Forms a compact, dense, irregular plant, with a Japanese effect. One of the best dwarf evergreens for planting in the foreground and excellent for the rock-garden. The dark green foliage is particularly effective in the winter months.

			ich			ch
8 to	10 in	. \$1	50	12 to 15 in	\$3	50
10 to	12 in	. 2	50	15 to 18 in	5	00

- C. pisifera. Sawara Cypress. Quick growing, of tall, pyramidal shape, with horizontal branches. The foliage is a deep, glossy green. When sheared, makes a beautiful specimen, and is very graceful when left to develop naturally.
- C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. Light green foliage, soft and feathery. When sheared, makes a compact plant which can be used either around the foundation of the house or as a lawn specimen.

Price of above two varieties: Each	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 65	4 to 5 ft\$3 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{2}$ ft	5 to 6 ft 5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 25$	6 to 7 ft 7 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	7 to 8 ft
3 to 4 ft 2 50	8 to 9 ft

C. pisifera aurea. Golden Sawara Cypress. Has all the characteristics of the above, except that it is of a beautiful golden yellow color—the brightest of all. May be easily sheared when a formal effect is desired. Well adapted to city planting.

city planting.	Each		Eac	h
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$1 75	5 to 6 ft	\$6 5	50
		6 to 7 ft		
3 to 4 ft	3 50	7 to 8 ft	15 (Ю
4 to 5 ft	5 00	8 to 10 ft	20 (90

C. pisifera filifera. Threud Retinospora. Of graceful, drooping growth, with dense, dark green foliage. Very useful in all evergreen plantings, and when sheared regularly it will maintain its low, compact shape for a long period.

Each		Eа	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft	.\$5	00
2 to 2½ ft\$1 50 2½ to 3 ft	5 to 6 ft	. 7	00
3 to 4 ft 3 50	6 to 7 ft	.10	00

- C. pisifera filifera aurea. Golden Thread Retinospora.

 Another form of Filifera, with the young growth of a golden yellow color.

 Each

 15 to 18 in.

 \$1 50 | 2 to 2½ ft.

 \$3 00 1½ to 2 ft.

 5 00
- C. pisifera filifera compacta. Dwarf Thread Retinospora. A dwarf, very compact form of the preceding variety.

	Each		Each
		3 to 4 ft	\$8 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 00		

- C. pisifera plumosa. See Pisifera.
- C. pisifera plumosa aurea compacta. Dwarf Golden Plume Cypress. More compact in habit and brighter in color than the preceding. Stands shearing well and is useful for formal effects. Very attractive.

Each		Each	a
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$. \$2 5	0
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{2}$ ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 3 5	U

C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. Same characteristics as C. pisifera plumosa, except that the foliage is golden in color. It is one of the most popular varieties, well liked for its rich coloring, which is in marked contrast to the darker evergreens.

Each		
1 to 1½ ft\$1 00 1½ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft	\$5 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5 to 6 ft	6 50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$	6 to - 7 ft	-8.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft	7 to 8 ft	12 00
2½ to 3 ft	8 to 10 ft	18 00

Chamæcyparis pisifera squarrosa. Moss Retinospora. Forms a broad pyramid. The soft, moss-like foliage is very dense and compact, giving a woolly appearance. Adaptable to shearing.

Each		Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft	.\$5 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{2}$ ft 1 25	5 to 6 ft	. 7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft 2 50		
3 to 4 ft 3 50		

CRYPTOMERIA · Japanese Cedar

Cryptomeria japonica lobbi. A handsome Japanese evergreen, tall, narrow, pyramidal in shape, and with deep green foliage which in the winter changes to a beautiful bronzy tint. A fine novelty. Each

tint. A fine novelty.	Each		Each
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	.\$2 00	7 to 8 ft	.\$12 00
3 to 4 ft			
4 to 5 ft	. 4 00	9 to 10 ft	. 20 00
5 to 6 ft	. 6 00	10 to 12 ft	. 25 00
6 to 7 ft	. 8 00	ļ	

CUPRESSUS · Cypress

Cupressus,					
Blue-green			pendulous	. Makes	a good
lawn specir	nen.	Each			Each
4 to 5 ft		\$4 00	6 to 7 ft.		\$8 00
5 to 6 ft.		6.00			

JUNIPERUS · The Junipers

Juniperus chinensis. Chinese Juniper. A handsome, graygreen tree, very hardy and easy to grow. Pyramidal in habit, but can be kept lower and shrubbier. Fine as a neutral background for flowering shrubs and other low evergreens when planted in large groups.

	Each	Each
3 to 4 ft	\$3 00 5 to	6 ft\$5 00
4 to 5 ft	4 00 1	

J. chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper. A very hardy variety that will thrive under the most unfavorable conditions. Well adapted to planting about foundations, entrances and beside steps. Spreading in habit when young. Gray-green foliage. A par ieularly tough plant for rough, hot, dusty, and smoky surroundings, enduring onditions which would destroy most other evergreens.

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 25	4 to 5 ft., heavy\$6 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 00$	5 to 6 ft., heavy 9 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	6 to 7 ft., heavy14 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 50$	7 to 8 ft., heavy20 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., heavy 4 50	8 to 9 ft., heavy26 00

J. chinensis columnaris. Columnar Chinese Juniper. A distinct, narrow, columnar tree, with steel-blue foliage which retains its color well into the winter. Hardy and of rapid growth. Very formal. Each

growth. Very formal. Each		ach
3 to 4 ft\$2 00	7 to 8 ft\$9	00
4 to 5 ft 3 00		
5 to 6 ft 4 50	9 to 10 ft	-00
6 to 7 ft. 6.00	10 to 12 ft	-00

- J. communis hibernica. Irish Juniper. A slender, columnar tree that is distinctively attractive. Leaves are gray-green in color. Much used for border planting.
- J. communis suecica. Swedish Juniper. Quick-growing, upright tree of beautiful outline, useful as an accent point in plantings, and similar to the Irish Juniper but with lighter green tips of branches.

Price of above two varieties: Each	~~	ach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 00$	3 to 4 ft	50



Juniperus excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper.	A vcry
ornamental evergreen; narrow, dense and of erect	growth.
Foliage is gray-green. Very desirable for formal	cffects.
Slow grower keeping its columnar habit for many	years.
Trank	Y7 L

Each	Each
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3 00
15 to 18 in 1 00	5 to 6 ft
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	6 to 7 ft
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ft$	

J. horizontalis depressa plumosa. Plumed Spreading Juniper. An exceedingly handsome, hardy, low-growing type; spreading and graceful in form. The silvery green foliage turns to a rich purple in autumn.

Eac.		ach
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft\$4	00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ft$	$0 \mid 4 \text{ to } 5 \text{ ft.} \dots \dots 5$	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	5 to 6 ft 7	00

- J. horizontalis glauca. Blue Creeping Juniper. A splendid plant for banks, rocky slopes, and rock-gardens. a broad, dense mat on the ground and is very popular as a ground-cover. Each Each
 12 to 15 in \$0 75 | 1½ to 2 ft. ... \$1 50
 15 to 18 in 1 00 | 2 to 2½ ft. ... 2 50
- J. sabina. Savin Juniper. An excellent dwarf evergreen; fanlike in habit. Foliage a pleasing dark green color. Popular for mass effects. Each 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. ... \$0 75 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. ... 1 25 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. ... 1 75 Each
 2½ to 3 ft. \$2 25
 3 to 4 ft. 3 00
- J. squamata meyeri. Meyer Juniper. A comparatively new variety, dwarf and of irregular habit of growth. The color is iridescent, the general effect being silvery blue, the tips taking

purple tints in winter. Each		Each
12 to 15 in\$1 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$4 00
15 to 18 in 1 50		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 25		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$		

J. virginiana. Red Cedar. Useful where tall accents are nceded or formal effects desired. Tall and slender, with rich, dark green foliage. Each
6 to 7 ft., heavy.....\$7 00 | 9 to 10 ft.,
7 to 8 ft., heavy.....10 00 | 10 to 12 ft.,
8 to 9 ft., heavy.....14 00 |
Larger sizes, prices on application Each 9 to 10 ft., heavy..\$18 00 10 to 12 ft., heavy... 22 00

J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Cedar. A fine, pyramidal evergreen of compact growth. Has a wonderful winter color and is perfectly hardy. Deep, rich green foliage.

	Each	Each
2 to 3 ft	.\$2 50 4 to 5 ft	\$5 00
3 to 4 ft	. 3 50 5 to 6 ft	7 00
		,

Juniperus virginiana glauca. very Red Cedar. One of the hand-somest forms of the Red Cedar. A little denser in habit than the common Red Cedar and has silvery gray foliage which keeps its color all year.

									Еa	
2 to 3										
3 to 4	ft								. 3	50
4 to 5	ft								. 4	50
5 to 6	ft								. 5	50
6 to 7	ft								. 7	50
7 to 8	ft								. 10	00
8 to 9	ft								.13	00

J. virginiana elegantissima. Golden Red Cedar. Slender outline with golden tipped foliage. An excellent variety where color contrast is desired.

virginiana keteleeri. Keteleeri Red Cedar. Similar in habit of growth to the Virginia Red Cedar, but differs slightly in color, which is a deep green. Compact foliage.

Price of above two varieties:	Each	green. Compact ronag	Each
2 to 3 ft	. \$2 50	5 to 6 ft	.\$6 00
3 to 4 ft	. 3 50	6 to 7 ft	. 7 50
4 to 5 ft	. 4 50	7 to 8 ft	. 9 00

J. virginiana kosteri. Koster Red Cedar. Widespreading variety, resembling the Pfitzer Juniper in habit of growth.

Each	Each
5 to 6 ft\$9 00	7 to 8 ft\$20 00
6 to 7 ft	

PICEA · The Spruces

Picea alcockiana. Alcock Spruce. A Spruce of close-growing, graceful habit, with glossy dark green foliage. A very desirable tree. Each Each Each 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.....\$3 00 | $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.....\$4 50

P. alba (canadensis). White Spruce. While this bluish green species adapts itself to a great variety of soils, it prefers moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, erect grower, and is very long lived.

P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Adapts itself to almost any soil. Most satisfactory for windbreaks and hedges.

Price of above two varieties:

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft \$0.75	5 to 6 ft\$4 50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 00$	6 to 8 ft 7 00
	8 to 10 ft10 00
3 to 4 ft	10 to 12 ft
4 to 5 ft 3 25	

P. pungens. Colorado Spruce. A hardy conifer of symmetrical growth. Makes fine lawn specimens and equally desirable as accent points among the darker Spruces. Foliage green to blue-green. Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$1 25
2 to 3 ft. 225
3 to 4 ft. 3 50
4 to 5 ft. 5 00 5 to 6 ft.....\$7 50 7 to 8 ft......14 00

P. pungens glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce. An evergreen of similar habit to the above, with distinct gray-blue foliage, which is dense and of a wonderful velvety texture. Really a beautiful tree.

a beautiful tree. Each	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft\$8 00
	5 to 6 ft
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	6 to 7 ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	7 to 8 ft20 00
3 to 4 ft 6 00	

Picea pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce. This is the bluest of the Spruces. In form and habit of growth it is compact, symmetrical, and shapely, and because of its intense coloring it is considered the most desirable of all the fancycolored evergreens. Each 1 to 1½ ft. . . . \$2 50 1½ to 2 ft. 4 00 2 to 2½ ft. 5 50 2½ to 3 ft. 7 00 3 to 3½ ft 8 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.....\$10 00 to 5 ft. 15 00 to 6 ft. 20 00 to 7 ft. 26 00 to 8 ft. 35 00 *5 *6 $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 8 50$

PINUS · The Pines

Pinus flexilis. Limber Pine. A very hardy, upright-growing Pine with dark bluish green foliage.

Each	Each
*2 to 3 ft\$3 50	*4 to 5 ft\$6 00
*3 to 4 ft 4 50	*5 to 6 ft 8 00

P. montana mughus. Mugho Pine. Dwarf evergreen. Slow growing, very hardy, compact and neat in habit. Most valuable where a low, dense evergreen growth is desired and excellent for rock-gardens and foundations.

Each		Each
12 to 15 in\$1 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$4 00
15 to 18 in 1 50	3 to 4 ft	. 6 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft	8 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	5 to 6 ft	12 00

P. nigra (austriaca). Austrian Pine. A stately Pine, vigorous and rapid grower; very hardy. Long, rich green needles. It thrives on any soil, inland or near the sea. One of the finest Pines for general planting.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$2 00	7 to 8 ft\$13 00
3 to 4 ft 3 00	8 to 9 ft 18 00
4 to 5 ft 4 50	9 to 10 ft 25 00
5 to 6 ft 6 50	10 to 12 ft 35 00
6 to 7 ft	

P. resinosa. Red Pine. Resembles the Austrian Pine in habit, the needles, however, being longer and darker, though not so coarse or stiff. Quite as desirable as the Austrian Pine.

Tradelitell I like.	Laccin		Y- C4 C X .
		7 to 8 ft	
3 to 4 ft	2 50	8 to 9 ft	12 00
		9 to 10 ft	
5 to 6 ft	5 00	10 to 12 ft	25 00
6 to 7 ft	6 50		

P. strobus. White Pine. An extremely rapid-growing Pine, and forms very beautiful specimens if permitted to develop in the open. Useful as lawn specimens in the border, as a screen or windbreak, and is exceptionally fine for mass

planting.	Each	Each
2 to 3 ft	\$1 50	8 to 10 ft\$15 00
3 to 4 ft	2 50	10 to 12 ft 20 00
4 to 5 ft	3 50	12 to 14 ft 25 00
5 to 6 ft	4 50	14 to 16 ft 35 00
6 to 7 ft	6 50	16 to 18 ft 50 00
	9 00	

P. sylvestris. Scotch Pine. Desirable for its very rapid growth and adaptability to most soils. Silvery foliage. Will thrive under the most adverse conditions. Making very picturesque landscape pictures as it matures.

•		Each		Ea	ch
2	to 3 ft	\$1 50	8 to 10 ft	\$10	00
3	to 4 ft	2 00	10 to 12 ft	15	00
			12 to 14 ft		

P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine. A beautiful Pine with

 seashore planting.
 Each
 Each

 4 to 5 ft.
 \$5 00 | 6 to 7 ft.
 \$9 00

 5 to 6 ft.
 7 00 |

 rich dark green needles and interesting outline. Good for

PSEUDOTSUGA. Douglas Fir. See Abies, page 18.

RETINOSPORA. See Chamæcyparis, pages 18 and 19.

TAXUS · The Yews

Taxus baccata repandens. Spreading English Yew. Of graceful, spreading form. The most prostrate of all the Yews, and one of the finest low-growing evergreens because of its adaptability to shade or sunlight.

Each	Each
15 to 18 in\$1 75	$\frac{21}{2}$ to 3 ft\$5 50
	*3 to 3½ ft10 00
	$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{9}$ ft

T. canadensis. Canada Yew. A variety with low, spreading habit. Will do well in shade.

Each		ach
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$4 00	3 to 4 ft\$5	5 50

T. cuspidata. Spreading Japanese Yew. A compact, spreading variety with rich, dark green foliage and brilliant scarlet berries in the autumn. Perfectly hardy and valuable for many locations. Each 15 to 18 in.....\$1 00 | 3 to 4 ft.....\$5 00
 1½ to 2 ft.
 1 50
 4 to 5 ft.
 8 00

 2 to 2½ ft.
 2 50
 *5 to 6 ft.
 12 00

 ½ to 3 ft.
 3 50
 *6 to 7 ft.
 20 00

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia compacta). Dwarf Japanese

. cuspidata nana (brevifolia compacta). Dwarf Japanese Yew. An extremely hardy variety of irregular spreading habit. The branches are covered with black-green foliage. The choicest dwarf Yew. Each Each 12 to 15 in. \$1 50 | 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$10 00 15 to 18 in. 2 25 | $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 15 00 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 3 00 | 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 20 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5 00 | $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. 25 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7 50 | 5 to 6 ft. 35 00



Koster Blue Spruce



Seaside Planting

Taxus cuspidata capitata. Upright Japanese Yew. This is the upright-growing or pyramidal form of the Japanese Yew, somewhat open in growth, with rich, dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful when covered with light green tip of new growth in the spring. A very choice evergreen.

Choice strain grown from selected cuttings, far superior to seedling plants

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 00	5 to 6 ft \$9 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	6 to 7 ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 4 00	5 to 6 ft., heavy 14 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots 5 00$	*6 to 7 ft., heavy 18 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	*7 to 8 ft., heavy 26 00
4 to 5 ft 7 50	*8 to 9 ft., heavy 40 00
T. media hicksi. Hicks Yew Yew useful for formal aeeent	. A narrow, upright form of
Yew uscful for formal accent	or hedge-planting.
Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 00	4 to 5 ft\$10 00
3 to 4 ft 7 00	

THUJA · The Arborvitæ

Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. The upright, flatleaved evergreen so commonly used as single specimens and for hedges and windbreaks. Will stand severe shearing.

Each

2 to 3 ft

SO 75 | 7 to 8 ft

E7 00

2 to 3 it	/ to 8 it\$/ 00
3 to 4 ft 1 25	8 to 9 ft 9 00
4 to 5 ft 2 00	9 to 10 ft
5 to 6 ft	10 to 12 ft
6 to 7 ft 5 00	
T. occidentalis, Columbia. C	olumbia Arborvitæ. Pyramidal
form, with silvery tipped following	age. An excellent variety for
group plantings. Each	Each
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2 00	4 to 5 ft\$4 00
3 to 4 ft	5 to 6 ft
T. occidentalis compacta.	
	green foliage; much used in
foundation plantings. Each	Each
12 to 15 in\$0 60	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$1 50$
15 to 18 in	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft
1½ to 2 ft	
T occidentalic allumnarias	Dhaingald Colden Tom

i occidentalis eliwangeria	na, Kneingold. Golden Tom
Thumb Arborvitæ. A dwarf for	m, with beautiful golden foliage.
Exceptionally fine for rock-gain	rdens or borders.
Each	Each
	15 to 18 in\$2 50
12 to 15 in 2 00	18 to 24 in 3 50

Thuja occiden			
		s true to name,	
round or glob	e-shaped outlir	ne. Very hardy	, ornamental,
	sfactory for bo	rder planting o	
	Each		Each
12 to 15 in	\$0 75		
	1 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	3 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	1 50		

T. occidentalis lutea. George Peabody Arborvitæ. A well-known variety forming a broad pyramid, with golden yellow foliage that is strikingly contrasted against the grays and greens of other evergreens.

Each		Ea	ch
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5 to 6 ft	\$4	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 to 7 ft	6	00
3 to 4 ft 2 00	7 to 8 ft	8	00
4 to 5 ft 3 00			

T. occidentalis plicata. Giant Arborvitæ. Pyramidal shape. Deep blue-green foliage with triangular whitish spots. As its name implies, it attains considerable height.

Each	Each
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2 00	5 to 6 ft\$5 00
3 to 4 ft 3 00	
	7 to 8 ft 9 00

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ. This is one of the very best of the Arborvitæs. It is distinctly columnar in growth, while its glossy, dark green foliage is equally attractive both winter and summer. A formal plant, and

fine for accents.	Each		Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$.\$0 75	6 to 7 ft	\$6 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft		7 to 8 ft	8 00
3 to 4 ft		8 to 9 ft	10 00
4 to 5 ft	. 3 00	9 to 10 ft	14 00
5 to 6 ft	. 4 50	10 to 12 ft	20 00

T. occidentalis rosenthali. Rosenthal Arborvitæ. A compact tree, erect, columnar in growth, and with dark green, glossy

T. occidentalis sibirica. Siberian Arborvitæ. A hardy variety, forming a broad pyramid. Deep olive-green foliage; of slow growth. Useful in foundation plantings. Each | $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$

T. occidentalis spiralis.	Douglas	s Pyramidal	Arbor	vitæ.
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75 5	to 6 ft		5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 1	25 4	to 5 ft	4	4 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0	75 31/2	to 4 ft		3 00

Pyramidal in form with short, compact, twisted effect branches, which gives this variety more character than the common form. Valuable as an accent plant in foundation plantings. Each 2 to 3 ft. ... \$1 25 | 5 to 6 ft. ... \$4 50 3 to 4 ft. ... 2 00 | 6 to 7 ft. ... 6 00 4 to 5 ft. ... 3 00 | 7 to 8 ft. ... 8 00

T. orientalis. Chinese Arborvitæ. A fast-growing variety which can be used where mass effect is desired, as a specimen or as a hedge. The foliage is very short and of an attractive green color.

T. orientalis pyramidalis. Chinese Pyramidal Arborvitæ. Neat, columnar habit; fast growing. Foliage bright green in summer, assuming a bronzy tint in winter.

Price of above two varieties: Each	F	Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	4 to 5 ft\$	2 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft 1 00	5 to 6 ft	3 75
3 to 4 ft 1 75	6 to 7 ft	5 00
T ariantalia aurea mana Ra	mahman'a Caldan Arbamita	а Л

 $oldsymbol{\Gamma}.$ orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's $Golden\ Arborvitx.$ very beautiful dwarf evergreen of round shape. Formal in habit, with golden yellow foliage. Slow growing.

	1 ½ to 2 1t \$2 00
10 to 12 in\$0 60	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$
12 to 15 in	5 to 6 ft
15 to 18 in 1 25	6 to 7 ft

Thuja orientalis compacta.	Chinese Compact Arborvitæ.
Bright green in color and of d	warf, columnar shape. Desir-
able for very formal effects or	for hedges. Each
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2 50
12 to 18 in\$0.75	3 to 4 ft 3 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft 5 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ft$	
T. standishi. Standish Arborvi	
of Arborvitæ, with rich green	foliage that is more feathery
in appearance than any of the	other Arborvitæs. It is often
used in informal plantings.	
Each	Each
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \$1 25$	4 to 5 ft\$4 00
21/ 2 6 2 00	E + - 6 f+

There is always something of interest to be seen at Bulk's Nurseries, from the time the early Spring-Flowering Shrubs are a riot of color, through the blooming times of Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Dogwoods, Crabs, Japanese Cherries, Roses, Hardy Flowers and on through the rich foliage colors and berried effects of Autumn—always something of beauty and interest to be seen. We welcome visitors at all times and urge you to come and look around.

6 to 7 ft..

to 4 ft..... 2 75

TSUGA · The Hemlocks

Tsuga canadensis. American Hemlock. Most desirable evergreen tree, very graceful and adaptable for specimens or groups. A very delightful effect is obtained when grown as a hedge. The leaves are dull green, on branches that are slender and drooping.

	Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$1 00	5 to 6 ft	. \$7 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		6 to 7 ft	.10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft		7 to 8 ft	. 15 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$		8 to 9 ft	20 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		9 to 10 ft	25 00
		10 to 12 ft	

T. caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. An attractive tree with dark green foliage and drooping branches. A trifle more open and thin in growth and habit than Canadensis.

	Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$1 75	4 to 5 ft	\$6 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2 50	5 to 6 ft	. 8 00
		6 to 7 ft	
3 to 4 ft	4 50		

Evergreen Hedges

FROM time immemorial people have used hedges and fences to protect their property from intrusion and to secure privacy. Until recently an evergreen hedge meant quite an expense, but they have now come down to a price-level within the reach of every home-owner. We invite you to compare the prices listed below with the cost of a fence.

ARBORVITÆ

American. Makes a very dense, fast-growing		
reach considerable height if left to grow.	Set plan	nts 2 to
3 feet apart.	10	100
2 to 3 ft	.\$6 00	\$50 00
3 to 4 ft	. 10 00	90 00
4 to 5 ft		150 00
Pyramidal. Because of its shapely habit of g		
green foliage, this makes a very fine hedge.	10	100
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	.\$6 00	\$50 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft	. 9 00	75 00
3 to 4 ft	15 00	125 00
4 to 5 ft	20 00	175 00

HEMLOCK

The Hemlock hedge is ideal, and we recommend it as one of the most beautiful of evergreen hedges. Every year it grows increasingly beautiful. The Hemlock also grows well in shade, and lends itself nicely to shearing.

10

100

116 to 2 ft.

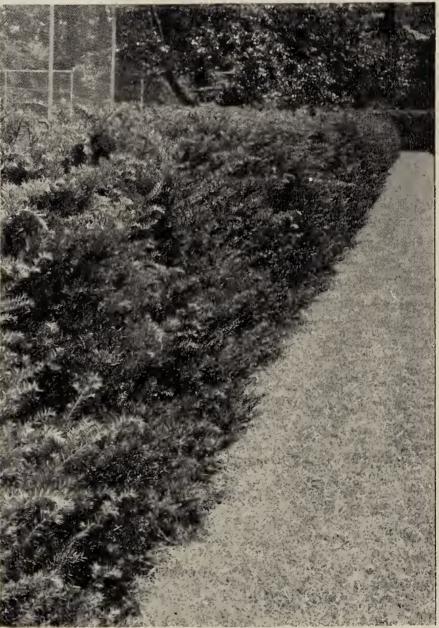
\$8 50 \$75 00

$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$8 5 0 \$75 0	0
2 to 2½ ft	12 50 100 0	0
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft	20 00 175 0	0
3 to 4 ft	26 00 240 0	0
4 to 5 ft	40 00 350 0	0

JAPANESE YEW

Without doubt, this is the grandest of all the evergreens for hedges. In England and on the Continent, Yew hedges make up a large part of the charm of the landscape. The deep, rich, dark green foliage makes them a beautiful thing to behold. Plant a Yew hedge now and enjoy it all the days of your life.

Spreading (Taxus cuspidata).	10	100
15 to 18-in. spread	\$7 50	\$60 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2-ft. spread		75 00
2 to 2½-ft. spread		175 00
Upright (T. capitala).		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., light plants	. 5 00	40 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., light plants		75 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft., light plants		125 00
3 to 4 ft., light plants		225 00
4 to 5 ft., light plants		300 00



Upright Japanese Yew Hedge

HARDY ROSES

OSES—the mere name is an inspiration to garden lovers. Nothing can take the place of the Rose. Almost every home has room for at least a few. Roses will grow in any fertile soil, but are much improved in bloom, fragrance, and beauty by rich soil, liberal fertilizing, and good cultivation. Branches should be well cut back early each spring.

All Roses, except field-grown Hybrid Teas and Hybrid Perpetuals, carry our regular guarantee

HYBRID TEA ROSES

Prices, except where noted: Strong, 2-yr., field-grown plants....\$0 75 \$7 00 9 00

*Better Times. Plant Patent No. 23. Longpointed bud and large, brilliant cerise blooms on long stems. \$1.50 each.

Betty Uprichard. Orange-carmine, tinged with

salmon-pink.
Columbia. Vivid pink; fragrant.

*Carrie Jacobs Bond. Plant Patent No. 158. Very large, extremely double flower, rose-pink in color, flushed erimson at center, intensely fragrant, on long stems. \$1.50 each.

*Countess Vandal. Plant Patent No. 38. Sensational new Rose of great beauty, with long-pointed buds and coppery pirk and gold flowers. \$1 each.

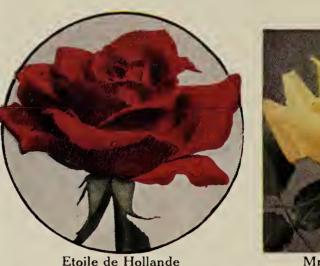
Duchess of Wellington. Saffron-yellow, stained crimson.

Etoile de Hollande. Bright dark red. One of the finest.

Francis Scott Key. Clear light crimson; beautiful globular buds.



Carrie Jacobs Bond. Plant Patent No. 158





Mrs. E. P. Thom



Joanna Hill



Betty Uprichard

SPECIAL ROSE COLLECTION

10 extra-fine varieties of Everblooming Hybrid Tea Roses, strong, 2-year, field-grown, the best that can be bought.

Regular price, 75 cts. each

Betty Uprichard. Orange-earmine, tinged with salmon-pink.

Columbia. Vivid pink; fragrant. Etoile de Hollande. Bright dark red. General MacArthur. Brilliant crimson.

Joanna Hill. Indian-yellow center, golden buff petals. Choice.

Mme. Jules Bouche. Glistening white.
Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Beautiful shade of unfading yellow.

Red Radiance. Bright earminc-salmon, shaded red.

Roslyn. Golden yellow.

Talisman. Yellow and copper.

Special price (if called for at Nursery) \$6.00. Price delivered, \$7.00. The same Collection in pots, \$1.50 extra

General MacArthur. Brilliant crimson flowers in great profusion. Hadley. Velvety scarlet. Long a favorite.

Joanna Hill. Indian-yellow center, gold-buff petals. Choice.

Mme. Jules Bouche. Glistening white.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Fawn-colored buds and open blooms.

Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Clear, unfading yellow. Very

*Nigrette. Plant Patent No. 87. (New.) "The Black Rose of Sangerhausen." Fragrant; deep maroon with blackish velvet sheen. \$2 cach.

Ophelia. Light salmon-pink-flesh, yellow base.

Radiance. Carmine-pink.

Red Radiance. Bright carmine-salmon, shaded red.

Roslyn. (New.) Golden yellow, with orange splashings.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Bright elear yellow.

Talisman. (New.) Large; yellow and eopper, suffused pink in bud. Willowmere. Soft pink with yellow glow.

CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Prices, except where noted: \$0 75 \$6 00 Strong plants.. \$1 00 Extra-large, 4 and 5-yr. plants. \$1.50 to \$2 each.

American Beauty, Climbing. Large, double, rich carmine

American Pillar. Cherry-pink, white center.

*BLAZE (New Everblooming Paul's Scarlet Climber). Plant Patent No. 10. We consider this an outstanding triumph in Rose-growing—a Paul's Scarlet Climber that will bloom all season and provide a continuous supply of rich vivid scarlet Roses. \$1.25 each.

Breeze Hill. Double; pink. Excellent variety.

*GOLDEN CLIMBER (Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James). Plant Patent No. 28. A new sensation in Climbing Roses. Blossoms are of the Hybrid Tea type, with long-pointed buds, and color is a rich gold, flecked orange-scarlet. \$1.50 each.

Dorothy Perkins. Shell-pink. A very popular variety. Dr. W. Van Fleet. Flesh-pink.

Emily Gray. Golden yellow.

Excelsa. Brilliant scarlet-crimson.

Glendale. Double; white. Beautiful bud.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. (New.) Fragrant Climbing Rose from Barcelona, Spain. Color is iridescent pearl-pink, with claret-carmine markings on outer petals. \$1 each.

*New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1—first plant patented under the U. S. Patent Laws. (New.) Everblooming Climbing Rose. Color is soft blush-pink and the flowers are large and full. \$1.50 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Flashing and vivid scarlet.

*PRINCESS VAN ORANGE. New, sensational climbing sport of Gloria Mundi. Plant Patent No. 106. Strong growth and rich green foliage. Masses of reddish orange Roses in great clusters. \$1.25 each.

Silver Moon. Pure waxy white. A truly beautiful Rosc.

Tausendschon. Varies from pink to white.

White Dorothy Perkins. Pure white, double flowers.

BABY or DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES

Prices:	Each	10
2-yr., field-grown plants	\$0 75	
2-yr., in pots	85	7 50

Cecile Brunner. Light pink with yellow base.

Golden Salmon. Reddish orange flowers in large clusters.

Orange Perfection. Beautiful orange-color.

Paul Grampel. Fine shade of orange-red.

Rudolph Kluis. Vermilion buds and flowers in large clusters.



@1933 New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1



Anne Poulsen

ANNE POULSEN · New Polyantha Rose Plant Patent applied for

Large, fragrant, semi-double flowers of bright scarletcrimson. Blooms continuously all season. Excellent for massing. \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

Prices:	Each	10
Strong, 2-yr., field-grown plants	. \$0 75	\$7 00
Strong, 2-yr., in pots		9 00
Frau Karl Druschki. Large white blooms.		
Gen. Jacqueminot. Scarlet-crimson.		
Magna Charta. Large; bright rose.		

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES
F. J. Grootendorst. H. Rug. Pink and red flowers which
come in clusters and are persistently produced from early
spring to frost. No Rose excels it in continuous bloom.
Fine for single specimens or for hedges. Each 10
Strong, field-grown, 2-yr, plants\$0 65 \$5 50
3-yr. and 4-yr. plants
along branches. Each Each
2 to 3 ft\$0.75 4 to 5 ft\$1.50
3 to 4 ft
Rosa hugonis. Hugonis Rose. Long, gracefully arching
branches filled with glorious yellow single flowers at lilac-
time. Tall, strong-growing shrub.
Each 10 Each 10
2 to 3 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 4 to 5 ft\$1.50 \$12.50
3 to 4 ft 1 00 7 50
Rosa rugosa. Red and White Japanese Rose.
Each 10 Each 10
2 to 3 ft\$0 60 \$5 00 4 to 5 ft\$1 50 \$12 50
3 to 4 ft 1 00 7 50

HARDY PERENNIALS

T is no wonder that these old-fashioned hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late summer, few shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended on for attractive display.

Plant perennials this year in the flower-bed where you have been using annuals. Every year you have to

replace annuals, whereas the perennials come up each season with very little work or expense.

You do not need a large estate to have an old-fashioned garden or border from which you can pick flowers

from early spring until late fall. Let us help plan your garden.

The size mentioned in the description indicates the height the plants may be expected to attain at maturity; the month represents the season of bloom.

Perennials marked (†) are suitable for rock-gardens

Prices for Perennial Plants, except where otherwise noted: 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 for 100 plants; large clumps, 35 to 50 cts.

- ALTHÆA. Hollybock. 5 to 8 ft. All shades of Red, White, Pink, and Yellow; double and single.
- †ALYSSUM saxatile. Golden Tuft. 4 to 12 in. Showy masses of compact yellow flowers in April and May.
- ANCHUSA italica, Dropmore. 4 ft Intense blue flowers on branched stems. May to July.
- ANEMONE japonica, September Charm. See description and price on page 28.
- ANTHEMIS tinctoria. Golden Marguerite. 2 ft. Rich yellow daisy-like flowers all summer. Fine for cutting.
- AQUILEGIA. Columbine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pink, Red, Blue, and Lavender. May to July.
- †ARABIS alpina. Rock-Cress. 5 in. Mat of gray-green foliage with cloud of pure white flowers in April and
- †ARMERIA maritima. Thrift. 6 in. Dense heads of pink flowers on tufts of narrow evergreen foliage. May, June. 35 ets. each, \$3 per doz.
- ARTEMISIA, Silver King. 3 ft. Masses of silvery gray foliage. Useful for decorating or with bouquets. Exeellent for perennial border. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.
- †ASTER alpinus, Goliath. Blue Mountain Daisy. 5 in. Large blue Daisies with golden disk. Flowers in May and June.
- A., Royal Pink. See description and price on page 28.

ASTERS, NEW DWARF

One of the finest new introductions in perennials. Bloom in September and form a mound of blossoms.

- †Countess of Dudley. 9 in. Clear pink with yellow eye.
- †Lady Henry Maddocks. 1 ft. Pale pink.
- †Victor. 9 in. Lavender-blue.
 - All New Dwarf Asters, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.
- ASTILBE japonica, Queen Alexandra and Von Sicton. 1 to 2 ft. June. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.
- †AUBRIETIA hybrida, Dr. Mules. 6 in. See description and price on page 28.
- BAPTISIA australis. Wild Indigo. Medium growth. Blue flowers in early summer.

- †BELLIS perennis. English Daisy. 6 in. Improved, double flowering; various colors.
- CAMPANULA carpatica. Blue Harebell. 8 in. Large, light blue flowers growing in compact tufts.
- C. persicifolia. Bellflower. 2 ft. Mixed. June, July.
- CARYOPTERIS incana superba. See description and price on page 28.
- CENTAUREA dealbata. Persian Centaurea. 1½ ft. Deep pink flowers in July and Aug. Very desirable.
- C. montana. Mountain Bluet. 1½ ft. Violet-blue, thistle-like flowers from June until Sept.
- †CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snowin-Summer. 6 in. Silvery foliage and masses of white flowers. May, June.
- †CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily-of-the-Valley. 6 in. Loves moist and shady places. May.
- COREOPSIS grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. Bright yellow flowers from June to frost if flowers are cut as they fade.
- CHRYSANTHEMUM, Hardy. Flowers that last until frost.
- Any of the following choice named varieties, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.
 - Barbara Cumming. Yellow. Crimson Splendor. Flower large, rich crimson, with yellow center.
 - Jean Cumming. Pure white; large. Jean Treadway. Sparkling pink flower with rose center; large. Mixed Varieties. 25 cts. each,
- \$2.50 per doz. C. maximum. Shasta Daisy. 1 to 2 ft. Large, daisy-like white flowers
- with yellow centers. June to Sept.
- DELPHINIUM belladonna. Lark-spur. 2½ to 3 ft. Tall spikes of light blue flowers in June and July. D. grandiflorum chinense. Chinese Delphinium. 2 ft. Gentian-blue
- flowers. Feathery foliage.
- D., Gold Medal Hybrids. Improved Larkspur. The flowers are large, in all shades of blue, and are carried on 2-foot spikes. 35c each, \$3.50 per doz.
- DIANTHUS barbatus. Sweet William. 1 to 1½ ft. Very showy flower-clusters of Red, Pink, and White. May, June.
- †D. deltoides. Maiden Pink. 8 in. Beautiful sprays of pink flowers. Excellent for rock-garden. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

- †Dianthus plumarius. Garden Pink. 1 ft. Great masses of pink, white, and magenta blooms all summer. Fine for eut-flowers.
- DIELYTRA spectabilis. Bleeding-beart. 1 to 2 ft. Its arching stems bear drooping, heart-shaped flowers of white and rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. May to July. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- DIGITALIS, Giant Shirley. Improved Foxglove. Spikes 3 to 5 ft. long, of enormous blooms in various colors. June, July.
- FUNKIA. See Hosta.
- GAILLARDIA aristata (grandiflora). Perennial Gaillardia. 2 ft. Daisy-like blossoms of orange-yellow, banded with red, all summer.
- GEUM (Avens,) borisi. See description and price on page 28.
- †G., Mrs. Bradshaw. 18 in. Large, double orange-scarlet; all summer.
- †G., Lady Stratheden. 18 in. Large, double, golden yellow flowers all summer.
- GYPSOPHILA paniculata. Baby's Breath. 3 to 4 ft. Very minute, delicate white flowers. June to August. G. repens bodgeri. See description
- and price on page 28.
- **HEMEROCALLIS.** Day Lily. Rieh yellowish orange, lily-like flowers in early summer.



Rock-Garden

†HEUCHERA sanguinea. Coral Bells. Dainty, bright crimson flowers on 18-inch stems from June to September. Excellent for rock-garden. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

HIBISCUS. Marsh Mallow. 5 to 6 ft. A large-leaved plant, producing large, showy flowers throughout the summer. Fine for massing in moist places. Red, Pink, and White.

HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa, page 26.

HOSTA lancifolia undulata (Funkia). Wavy-leaf Plantain Lily. Long, narrow, wavy-edged leaves, with margins; pale lilac flowers.

†IBERIS gibraltarica. Evergreen Candytust. White. April, May.

IRIS germanica. German Iris. These vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blooming in June in shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow, and white.

Any of the fol owing choice named varieties, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Alcazar. Purple and violet-blue. Cluny. Lilac-blue.

Her Majesty. Rose. Lent A. Williamson. Blue and

royal purple.

Marsh Marigold. Golden yellow.

Miranda. Violet-blue. Sherwin-Wright. Golden yellow.

Pallida, Princess Beatrice. Bluelavender.

Prospero. Lavender.
Roseway. Deep pink.
Mixed Varieties. 25 cts. cach, \$2.50 per doz.

kaempferi. Japanese Iris. 2 to 3 ft. Large, flat flowers in many colors. Last of June.

†I. pumila. Miniature Iris. Dwarf yellow Iris that do not exceed 4 inches in height and bloom in April and May. Good for bordering beds or for the rockery.

I. sibirica. Siberian Iris. 2 to 3 ft.

Grass-like foliage with clusters of blue or yellow flowers. Adapted for mass and waterside planting. May, June.

LIATRIS pycnostachya. Kansas Gayfeather. Rich purple flowers on 4-foot spikes in midsummer.

†LINARIA cymbalaria. Kenilworth Ivy. Long, trailing herb. Small, pretty lilac flowers. June to August.

LUPINUS polyphyllus. Washington Lupine. 3 ft. Large spikes of flowers in various colors. Prefer semi-shady location. May, June.

LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Cross. 2 to 3 ft. Flat heads of bright scarlet blooms, borne on stout, leafy stems. July, August.

viscaria flore-pleno. Campion. Double rose-pink flowers in June and July.

†NEPETĂ mussini. Catnip. 12 in. Spreading plant with masses of light blue flowers in May and June.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge. An evergreen ground-cover with dark green leaves and white flowers. Valuable for planting in the shade where grass will not grow. Field-grown, medium plants, \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100; field-grown, strong plants, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100. PÆONIA · Peony

One of the most satisfactory of the perennials. Immense, double flowers in all colors. Choice varieties. June.

Aurora. Attractive salmon-white. Gloire de Charles Gombault. Outer petals flesh-pink with clear salmon

center.

Linne. Very large, bright, deep pink flowers.

Mme. Emile Lemoine. Among the finest of all whites.

Monsieur Krelage. Large, full flower of deep wine-red; very fragrant.

Officinalis rubra. Rich deep crimson. A very fine variety

Officinalis rosea. Rich pink.

Pomponette. Vcry fine; lilac-rose. All Peonies, medium-sized plants, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10; large plants, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10; mixed colors, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

†PAPAVER nudicaule. Iceland Poppy. 1 ft. Mixed colors. Blooms all season. Pot-grown plants, \$1 for 3, \$3 per doz.

PHLOX

During the dry, hot summer weather, when vegetation looks its worst, these plants can be depended on to brighten the garden with their brilliant colors, ranging from white to rich crimson.

30 cts. each, \$1 for 4, \$2.50 per doz., except where noted. Larger size clumps, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Africa. Brilliant carmine-red with blood-red cye. 35c. each, \$3.50 per

Beacon. Bright eherry-red. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Columbia. See description and price on page 28.

Commander. Crimson-red, darker eye. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 pcr doz.

East Hampton. Salmon-pink; large

Feuerbrand. Large; bright red. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Marechal French. Deep pink. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white. Peach Blow. Delicate pink.

Thor. Rich salmon-pink, erimson eye.

†PHLOX subulata atropurpurea. Bright purple-red. 35 ets. caeh, \$3.50 per doz.

†P. subulata, Vivid. Bright fiery rose. Very showy in rockery. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†P. subulata rosea, alba, lilacina. Moss Pink. A creeping variety with moss-like, evergreen foliage, covered with pink, white or lilac-colored flowers in spring.

PHYSOSTEGIA virginiana. False Dragonbead. 2 to 3 ft. Delicate pink flowers in June and July.

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Balloon Flower. 2 ft. Balloon-shaped, violet-blue blooms. July to Sept.

POTENTILLA multifida (P. tonguei). See description and price on page 28.

†PRIMULA acaulis. English Primrose. 6 to 9 in. Bright lemon-yellow flowers in April and May. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

PYRETHRUM hybridum. or Painted Daisy. 2 ft. Rcd, pink, and white, Daisy-like blooms. Single or double. May to July.

†RANUNCULUS. Buttercup. 1 ft. A pretty, double-flowering bright golden yellow flower in May and June.

SCABIOSA caucasica. Blue Bonnet. 3 ft. Valuable for cutting. Soft lavender-blue. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

†SEDUM acre. Golden Moss; Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Yellow flowers in June and July. Caetus-like foliage.

†S. album. White Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Solid masses of white flowers.

†S. coccineum. Pink Stonecrop. 4 to 5 in. Beautiful rosy pink flowers.

†S. sarmentosum. Stringy Stonecrop. 6 in. Rapid-growing. May and July.

†S. spectabile. Showy Sedum. 1 ft. Large, flat heads of pink flowers. August, September.

†SEMPERVIVUM. House-leek. 4 to 6 in. Evergreen succulents which increase by rosettes. Ideal for rockery.

SHASTA DAISY. See Chrysanthemums, page 26.

STATICE latifolia. Great Sea Lavender. Immense, candelabra-like heads of minute, purplish blue flowers in July and August.

†STOKESIA. Cornflower Aster. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Large lavender-blue flowers from July until October.

THALICTRUM aquilegifolium. Meadow Rue. 1 to 3 ft. Masses of pure white flowers. Graceful foliage. May to July. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

HYMUS citriodorus. Creeping Thyme. 4 in. Excellent for rock-**THYMUS** garden. Foliage has a strong lemon scent.

†T. coccineus. Creeping Thyme. 3 to in. Creeping; dark green foliage. Blooms June and July.

†TUNICA saxifraga. Tunic Flower. 6 in. Minute, dark green foliage; pink flowers. July to September.

VALERIANA officinalis. Hardy Garden Heliotrope. 3 ft. Beautiful, fragrant, light pink and white flowers. June, July.

VERONICA longifolia subsessilis. Speedwell. Beautiful blue-studded flower-spikes from July to September. 30 cts. cach, \$3 per doz.

†VERONICA repens. Creeping Speedwell. 2 to 4 in. Low, trailing plant with blue flowers; earpet effect. May.

†VINCA minor. Myrtle. A familiar evergreen creeper with small blue flowers. Splendid ground-cover. \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100.

†VIOLA, Jersey Gem. Rich, slightly fragrant violet flowers all summer. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

VIOLA odorata (Governor Herrick Violet). Large flowers in rich shade of blue. Does well in shade.

New and Rare Hardy Perennials Especially Recommended

Anemone japonica, September Charm Aster, Royal Pink †Aubrietia hybrida, Dr. Mules Caryopteris incana superba

†Potentilla multifida tonguei †Gypsophila repens bodgeri

Aster, Royal Pink

New, improved type of hardy Aster, with flowers of a beautiful shade of clear rose-pink, borne in great profusion in September. 3 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†Aubrietia hybrida, Dr. Mules

A violet-purple variety of the very popular False Wall Cress, which is one of the prettiest rockery and border plants. Masses of flowers in April and May. 6 in. 30 cts. each, \$3

†Gypsophila repens bodgeri

A beautiful and useful new dwarf form of Gypsophila. Airy white, double flowers, changing to pink in July and August. Excellent in rockery. 1 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

†Geum borisi

A splendid new introduction that is one of the finest of the Geums. Large tangerine-scarlet flowers of great beauty in June and July. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.



Anemone, September Charm

Anemone japonica, September Charm

A new and valuable variety of Anemone. Delicate silvery pink flowers, shaded with rose and mauve. Blooms in early September. 2 ft. 40c. each, \$4 per doz.

†Potentilla multifida (tonguei)

Cinquefoil. A beautiful hybrid variety especially suited for the rockery. Rich orange flowers with crimson centers. Blooms all summer. 6 in. 40c. each, \$4 per doz.



Phlox, Columbia

Phlox, Columbia

Plant Patent No. 118. A wonderful new introduction in Phlox. Grows about 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high and has soft cameo-pink blooms in great pro-

Caryopteris incana superba

Caryopteris incana superba

A wonderful source of fall color. Graceful clusters of flowers, fine for cutting, in September and October. Blue, Pink, or White. 35 cts. cach, \$3.50 per doz.



Geum borisi



Alyssum



Campanula carpatica



Iberis



Phlox subulata

Special Perennial Offer

STRONG FIELD-GROWN PLANTS

A COLLECTION of 3 plants each of 10 varieties, which will furnish flowers from early spring until frost (30 in all) for

(REGULAR PRICE \$7.50)

Anthemis. Bright yellow. All summer. Centaurea. Blue. June-September. Gaillardia. Orange-red. All summer. German Iris, Mixed. June. Lychnis chalcedonica. Scarlet. July,

August.

Painted Daisy. Mixed. May to July.

Phlox, Mrs. Jenkins. White. Mid-

summer.

Statice. Purplish blue. July, August.

Stokesia. Lavender-blue. June until October.

Valeriana. Light pink. June, July.

Rock-Garden Collection

30 FINE, LOW-GROWING PEREN-NIALS, FOR ROCK-GARDENS

REGULAR) PRICE \$7.50

3 Alpine Asters. Blue. May, June.3 Dianthus plumarius, Mixed. All

summer.

Summer.
Geum, Lady Stratheden. Yellow. Midsummer.
Nepeta mussini. Blue. May, June.
Phlox subulata. Pink. April, May.
Sedum album. White. June, July.
Sedum sammentosum. Yellow. 4 Sedum sarmentosum.
May to July.

2 Thymus coccineus. Red. June,

4 Tunica saxifraga. Rosy pink. July to September.

3 Veronica repens. Blue. May.

Special price if called for ... \$6 00 Price delivered ... 7 00 Price planted and guaranteed ... 10 00



Armeria

New Double Korean Chrysanthemums

New sensational double varieties of Korean Chrysanthemums. Very beautiful and a distinct novelty.

Indian Summer. Splendid Decorative, or Aster type, flowers of orange-chestnut, rather shaggily built, are freely produced on sturdy, erect plants. The 3-inch flowers are more resistant to frost than other double Chrysanthemums.

Romany. Full, double blooms, 3½ inches in diameter, of the Decorative type. The color is soft, glowing red with a bronze tone; the slightly incurved center petals show the attractive golden Either variety, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Hardy Chrysanthemums

The following varieties represent the newer types and are in great favor.

Barbara Cumming. Yellow. Jean Cumming. Pure white. Crimson Splendor. with yellow eenter. Jean Treadway. Pink with Crimson, rose eenter.

See page 26 for prices



New Double Korean Chrysanthemum, Romany

Vines and Climbers

All Strong, Field-grown Plants

OR quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers, and summer-houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. rch appeal to everyone.

The sweeping vines about a por
AMPELOPSIS Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. Quick-growing. Valuable for rich fiery autumn eolor. A. tricuspidata veitchi. Boston Ivy. Has brilliant autumn coloring. Self clinging. Price of above two varieties: Each 10 Medium plants\$0 45 \$4 00 Strong plants
CELASTRUS
Celastrus scandens. American Bitter- sweet. Beautiful vine with orange and red berries that retain eolor when eut and dried. Medium plants
CLEMATIS Clematis paniculata. Sweet Autumn Clematis. Fluffy white, very fragrant flowers. September. Each 10 Medium plants \$0 45 \$4 00 Strong plants 60 5 00
FRUITS In the fully reward winter as It tifying your property. Flowers along the
APPLES EARLY VARIETIES
Red Astrachan. Red. July, August. Yellow Transparent. Yellow. July,

HEDERA

Hedera helix. English Ivy. Evergreen climbing vine. Ideal wall-cover. Medium plants \$0 35 \$3 00 Strong plants 50

ROSES, CLIMBING. See Roses LONICERA

Lonicera japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. Very fragrant white flowers in June. Rapid grower and very hardy. Each 10
Medium plants \$0 30 \$2 50
Strong plants 40 3 50
Extra-strong plants 60 5 00

L. sempervirens magnifica. New Everblooming Climbing Honeysuckle. Bears flowers continuously from carly June until late October. Flowers are rich orange-scarlet color and eome in great terminal clusters. See illustration on back cover. Each Strong field-grown plants.....\$0 75 Extra-strong plants..... 1 00

POLYGONUM

Polygonum auberti. Silver Lace Vine. Vigorous vine reaching 25 feet, covered with masses of beautiful foamy white flowers all summer and fall. Each Medium plants \$0 75 Strong plants 1 00

LYCIUM

Lycium chinense. Matrimony Vine. Beautiful vine with violet flowers in June followed by red berries. Each Medium plants \$0 50 Strong plants

WISTERIA

Wisteria sinensis. Chinese Wisteria. Tall-growing; clusters of pea-shaped purple flowers in May. Our plants are not seedlings, but are all grafted plants, which assure blooming at an early age. Each 10
Medium plants \$0 75 \$6 50
Strong plants 1 00 9 00
Extra-strong plants ... 2 00 15 00

extremities of the lawn or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bounti-rd you in the fruit they yield, which you will enjoy eating right from the trees or in preserves and jam. The fruit-garden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beauwalk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide blooms for cutting.

August.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

McIntosh. Red. November to February.

WINTER VARIETIES

Delicious. Yellow and rcd. Novem-

Baldwin. Red. January to April.

ber to January.

Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. December to April.

Hyslop Crab. Large, dark crimson.

PEACHES

Larger trees \$15 to 30 00

Belle of Georgia. Early; white; freestone.

Crawford Late. Late; yellow; freestone. Elberta. Early; yellow; very popular

freestone. Any of the above varieties: 6 to 8 ft., extra strong 2 00

CHERRIES

Gov. Wood. Sweet. Montmorency. Sour. 4-yr..... 2 00

PEARS

Bartlett. Early.
Kieffer. Late.
Clapp's Favorite. Early.

 Seckel. Late.
 Each

 4 to 6 ft., selected, 3-yr.
 \$1 25

 6 to 8 ft., selected, 4-yr.
 2 00

PLUMS

Burbank. Cherry-red.

QUINCES

 nampion and Orange.
 Each

 2-yr.
 \$1 00

 3 and 4-yr.
 1 50

 Champion and Orange.

AMERICAN BLACK WALNUT

Ohio. A very good growing tree and early bearer. Thin-shelled nuts that are easy to crack and are of execllent flavor. Each 6 to 8 ft. \$2 50 8 to 10 ft.... 3 50

CURRANTS

Red and White. 30c. each, \$2.50 for 10; extra large, 50c. each, \$4.50 for 10.

GRAPES

Catawba. Fine red Grape. Concord. Blue; early; fine flavor. Most popular standard Grape grown today. Niagara. The best standard white. Worden. Black; large berries. \$3 00 4 00

GOOSEBERRIES

Strong, 4-yr.

6 50

These two varieties are recognized as the standards.

Downing. Green. Houghton. Red. Both, 35c. each, \$3 for 10; extra large, 60e. each, \$5 for 10.

RASPBERRIES

Everbearing. Require very little attention and supply plenty of delicious berries. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

BLACKBERRIES

Eldorado. One of the best early to midscason sorts. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

RHUBARB

Sutton. 35 ets. each, \$3 for 10.

Spraying of Fruit Trees. For best results we recommend three sprayings: First, during the winter; second, after the blossoms fall; and, third, about two weeks later. This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island. We have men experienced in this kind of work who are available at a moderate cost.

LAWN SEED AND FERTILIZERS

- *BULK'S CHOICE LAWN SEED. A choice mixture containing Creeping Bent and other high-quality grasses. This mixture has been prepared especially for Long Island soil and weather conditions. 5 lbs. \$2.75, 10 lbs. \$5, 100 lbs. \$45.
- *SUNNYSIDE LAWN SEED. A specially prepared mixture containing durable grasses in good proportion. 5 lbs. \$1.75, 10 lbs. \$3, 100 lbs. \$25.
- *BONEMEAL, Armour's. 50 lbs. \$2, 100 lbs. \$3.25. *SHEEP MANURE, Armour's. 100 lbs. \$3.25.
- *PLANTSPUR SHEEP MANURE. 10 lbs. 75 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50.
- *IRREGULAR FLAGSTONE for WALKS. In colors. 25 cts. per square foot, \$20 per 100 sq. ft.
- *IMPROVED GRANULATED PEAT MOSS. For mulching and as general soil-improver. (20 bushels for bale.) \$3.25 per bale, \$30 for 10 bales.
- *STRATIFIED ROCK for ROCK-GARDENS. 100 lbs. \$2.50, 1000 lbs. \$20, 2000 lbs. \$30.

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Dwarf Aster, Lady Henry Maddocks



Buddleia, Ile de France

Worth-While New Introductions

VITEX macrophylla. Rare Chaste tree. A graceful shrub with an abundance of lavender-blue flowers in terminal spikes along the branches from July until frost. Excellent for shrub border. See page 14.

ASTERS, Dwarf Hybrid. The new Hybrid Dwarf Asters are immensely popular and are filling a long-felt need in providing a dwarf, compact source of vivid color in September. See description of varieties on page 26.

BUDDLEIA, Ile de France.

Butterfly Shrub. A new, beautiful variety of Buddleia.

Grows into a well-rounded bush 3 to 4 feet high and earries a profusion of showy violet - purple flowers from July until frost. Good for cutting. See page 9.

LONICERA sempervirens magnifica. New Everblooming Climbing Honeysuckle. A magnificent Honeysuckle with orange-searlet blooms from June until October. Doesn't run out of bounds like most Honeysuckles. See page 30.

One plant each of the above 4 varieties, \$2.50



Vitex macrophylla



Lonicera sempervirens magnifica

BULK'S NURSERIES

BABYLON, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.